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The North Carolinian.

PALEMON JOHN, Editor and Proprietor. Devoted to the Interests of the City, the County and the District. TERMS---$1.50 a Year, in Advance.

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THE NORTH CAROLINIAN POWER

JOB PRINTING

ESTABLISHMENT

Is supplied with all the requisites for doing first-class Job Printing business, and promptly executes

WEDDING CARDS, POSTERS, VISITING CARDS, HANDBILLS, BUSINESS CARDS, PROGRAMMES, BALL CARDS, BILLHEADS, FANCY SHOW CARDS, DODGERS BILLS OF FARE, STATEMENTS, WINE CARDS, PAMPHLETS, LAW CARDS AND POINTS, CIRCULARS, BOOKS, ETC.,

In the latest and neatest styles, and at the lowest prices. Orders by mail will receive prompt attention.

Colonel T. W. Bullitt, of Louisville, says that it was not Daniel Boone who made the pioneer settlement in Kentucky, but an ancestral kinsman of his own named Walker. In proof of this assertion he shows a hatchet with which the said Mr. Walker blazed a path through the trackless woods in 1749.

Old-fashioned England still pays nearly $5000 a year to the Master of the Hawks, salaries to four falconers and $3000 a year for food for the hawks, although the hawks and the falconers are all a myth. The pension was granted by Charles II., and is paid to this hour, so technically does she cling to ancient customs.

Buenos Ayres, in the Argentine Republic, is now the largest city in South America, the census of 1887 giving it a population of 434,000. The population of the entire country has increased 175 per cent. in the last twenty years, while that of the United States in the same period of time has increased only 79 per cent.

The cost of maintaining the imperial family of Germany, with all its various branches, is $20,000,000 a year. The sultan of Turkey costs the people $15,000,000 annually. The most economical court in Europe, considering its size and the wealth of the empire, is the Austrian.

A St. Petersburg correspondent says that the actual czar of Russia, the man whose orders are irrevokable, is not Alexander III., but Lieutenant-General Gresser, the head of the palace and a member of the privy council. He is between 40 and 45 years of age, is a soldier by profession and has been decorated many times for gallantry on the field.

The French government has decided to start a farm again for the purpose of experimenting with the various breeds of cattle in that country. A tract of 500 acres has been secured, and the work will be carried on by a commission consisting of the director of agriculture, the director of horse breeding and several other experts. The outcome of this government station will be closely watched by those American farmers who think their interest is of sufficient importance to be recognized in a practical way by our general government.

A reputable citizen of Lexington, Ky., named Baldwin, has been seized with a sudden and peculiar illness, which has resulted in a most remarkable phenomena. It is stated, and by unimpeachable authority, asserts the New York Graphic, that Mr. Baldwin's body gives off a steady light which can be seen in the dark a distance of 100 yards. Investigators have come to the conclusion that the glow has an electrical source. Here we have an opportunity for scientists. It will not take long to determine whether Mr. Baldwin is an animated electric light or not. There are certain infallible tests by which electricians can satisfy themselves at once.

At a meeting of the life underwriters in Boston, Insurance Commissioner Merrill made a speech, in the course of which he showed by statistics that thirty years ago but 40,000 life insurance policies were in existence. Thirty years ago $100,000,000 represented the life insurance in force in this country, while in the year 1887, the amount at risk was $2,500,000,000, not to speak of the $1,250,000 of industrial policies. Our own country represents $2,500,000,000 out of the $7,250,000,000 of the life insurance of the entire world. The new business of last year aggregated $650,000,000 belonging to this country, while all the business of the world was only $1,200,000,000.

Doctor James C. Hyndman, the throat specialist of the Ohio medical college tells how the only Catholic priest in America who wears a beard came to let his whiskers grow. The priest, whose pastoral duties are performed in Cincinnati, O., is subject to throat troubles. On the advice of Doctor Hyndman he let his beard grow and had no further inflammation in his throat. His superiors, however, objected to the innovation and the priest was obliged to go to Rome to obtain permission to wear whiskers. He took with him a full account of his case from Doctor Hyndman's pen and the church authorities at Rome at once granted him the permission desired.

A Russian naval officer has written a little book concerning Russia's probable action in the event of war with Great Britain, which, now that it is translated, is creating much comment in the English military journals. The author has, it is evident, informed himself as to the events of our civil war, especially regarding the effective work accomplished by the confederate corsairs "Alabama," "Georgia," and "Florida," for it is in like manner he would prey upon the British mercantile marine. He refers, no doubt, to ships of the "Vladimir" type, which Russia is now building, when he says that, at the first lowering of the war cloud, Russia would dispatch fast, unarmored, light batteried cruisers to various distant ports on the great commercial highways, and, being informed by cable at the earliest moment after war was declared, take the seas after British ships. He looks over the roll of British war ships, and finds not one among the number that could catch the "Azov," which has made over 20 knots an hour,

The Mirage.

They tell us that when weary travelers deem
They view through quivering heat across the sand
Great rocks for shadow in a weary land,
And clustering palms, and fairer yet, the gleam
Where smiles in light to laugh in sound the stream.
This is a work of tame enchanter's wand,
But that reflected here true visions stand
Of far-off things that close beside them seem.

So, worn with life's hot march, when near at hand
A happier world we see upon us beam,
Where death and parting need not be our theme,
None there by toil forefought, by grief unmanned,
Prophets of Science, hush your stern command.
Oh! bid us not to hold it all a dream.

—[The Spectator.

RED AND WHITE.

BY E. A. CUSTER.

"How's Northwestern this morning, Uncle Zeke?" asked Dick Spriggs across the restaurant table.

"Slumped off six points, blame it!" scowling viciously over his paper at the steak brought by the waiter.

Ezekiel Spriggs laid down his paper, and picking up his fork, stuck it into the meat. As he withdrew it and saw the rich, red juice ooze out, his face brightened. Spriggs was somewhat of an epicure.

"Six point's a pretty big drop," said Dick, possessing himself of the paper and alternating between it and his breakfast; "how d'ye come out?"

But Spriggs was busily engaged in tearing off huge pieces of steak and chewing them with much the same expression that a chicken exhibits when taking a drink of water. Business was business, but breakfast was breakfast just then, and while Dick chattered and read extracts, Spriggs turned his eyes to the ceiling at every bite and gave himself up to soulful enjoyment of what was before him. Dick skimmed lightly over the news, took a cursory glance at the editorials and paused at the lower corner of the page, then he read aloud:

"Possibly the reason why, when a red-headed girl appears on the street, a white horse soon makes its appearance, will have to be sought for in history. Away back in the early Greek and Egyptian days, red-haired girls were justly prized above all—"

"Whadz that?" interrupted Spriggs. Spriggs was a bachelor and though rich was not especially addicted to the fair sex.

Dick leaned thoughtfully back in his chair. "It's a dodgasted funny thing, Uncle Zeke, but it's a fact, never knew it to fail; straight as a string, too."

"Well, what is it?"

"Why, don't you see, the saying is that where ever you see a red-headed girl there is always a white horse in sight. I believe it now—didn't at first. Why only last Sunday night I went to church with Miss Austin—you ought to see her, Uncle Zeke——" Dick paused with a piece of steak half-way to his mouth and gazed yearningly at the blank wall. "Well, as I was saying, I went to church; coming out I saw directly in front of us a girl with hair just about as red as you find it. One of the rules of the game is that you must always go somewhere that is accessible to the horse after seeing the red hair, so I made an excuse about a short cut and dragged Mabel out the side door. I thought I had the white horse sequence dead this time, but just as we came out the door, sure enough the inevitable white horse came trotting round the corner. There wasn't another four-legged animal in sight and I didn't see any the whole way home. I've tried it every chance and never knew it to fail."

Spriggs grunted an inaudible response and rose from the table. By noon he had forgotten all about it but the sight of a red-haired girl brought the subject to his mind. In spite of its evident absurdity there was something odd and uncanny about the notion and Spriggs almost unconsciously began to scan the passers-by. Turning the corner he came plump against another maid with fiery hair and sure enough there, hitched to a post, was a rather scrawny but an unmistakable white horse. This was the beginning of his downfall for there and then he determined to see exactly what was in the saying. Now Spriggs was nothing if not methodical. A long life of single blessedness and business training had made him so, and he entered into the investigation in somewhat the same manner as he would some great business question.

The major part of the next day was spent in keeping tally of the horses that passed his office window; and the following day in an extended hunt of red-headed girls without regard to their so-called accompaniments. The result was that while one horse in every fifteen was white, only one female in thirty-one had red hair. A series of afternoon sittings at his club window brought out the remarkable fact that for every seven women that passed, two horses were in sight. This was to be the basis of the test. Spriggs reasoned that the chance against the sequence were about two to one, for according to his observations, in the ordinary day's run, there were twice as many red-haired girls as white horses. This of course did not allow for unusual occurrences or for night travel, when there were fewer horses on the street. At the end of the first week the result was: failures, one; verifications, forty-eight. Spriggs did not quite believe in the thing yet, but the next week was even more convincing. The record stood: failures, none; success, seventy-four times. By this time it had become not a definite test to prove the truth of the saying, but a wild hunt after an instance where a failure could be recorded. Night after night Spriggs prowled around the streets peering into the faces of the pedestrians and frequenting localities where there would be little likelihood of finding quadrupeds. The fever had grown to such an extent that he was forced to admit to himself that there must be something in it while he professed to believe that the truth needed further investigation.

One day Dick dropped in and taking Spriggs aside, with much hesitation and stammering, confided the fact that he was engaged to be married. "It's Mabel Austin, Uncle Zeke, a beautiful girl——"

"Light or dark?" asked Spriggs with a quick look of interest.

"Well, I guess you'll call her a brunette, for she has the loveliest black hair in the world; but I have promised to bring you to see her tonight. Say you'll go, Uncle Zeke—I'll call for you at 8, shall I?"

It had been many years since Spriggs had gone out calling and he was loth to begin now, when he needed all his time for his investigations; however, he promised and sent his nephew away rejoicing.

Spriggs found Mabel all that Dick had claimed for her, and was well pleased with his boy's choice; yet the evening dragged somewhat, and his dress suit made Uncle Zeke overly conscious of his society shortcomings.

He was standing near the window for a moment alone, when he heard his name called. Turning quickly, he saw Dick approaching with a vision of loveliness on his arm.

One look was enough, and the next instant Spriggs had wheeled about and jerked aside the hangings. Trotting slowly past, and directly under the street lamp, was the inevitable white horse.

Then he remembered that Dick possibly wanted to present him, and, dropping the curtain in great haste, he confronted the pair. The vision had a cold and haughty look, and Dick was clearly embarrassed. Spriggs appreciated his awkward position fully, and with a great effort made himself exceedingly agreeable. Indeed, in his abject humiliation he was so devoted that Dick was led to whisper to his fiancee: "Your sunny-headed friend seems to have caught Uncle Zeke hard."

When Spriggs went home he sat down and went over the events of the evening. The vision was certainly handsome and could talk as few women were able, but he shuddered at the thought of her hair. It was an unmistakable red. Nevertheless, he had asked permission to call and it had been graciously granted. Spriggs called and then called again. In a short time his leisure hours were about evenly divided between his investigations and the vision. Spriggs was struck hard, so hard, indeed, that when in her delightful presence he almost forgot his hobby. He invariably hired a white horse, however, when he took her out driving. Once he had the temerity to try a bay horse, but he never repeated the experiment. He was uneasy the whole time, for while his heart and soul were with his companion his mind and eyes sadly missed the familiar sequence.

One evening as matters were approaching a crisis, Spriggs found himself seated in close proximity to his inamorata. He had fully made up his mind to settle the matter at once and have done with it. There was just enough of manly conceit about him to make him feel assured that his suit would not be unsuccessful, but it was with considerable trepidation that he approached the subject. The conversation had drifted, as lover's talk invariably will, to the personal, and Spriggs was expatiating on early struggles and ambitions.

"I had a hard time when I was young," he was saying. "My nature was not one to make friends readily, and female friends were exceedingly rare. Indeed, my mother was the only woman with whom I felt really at ease. Then, as my business grew, I had so much to attend to that social pleasures were almost unknown."

There was silence for a moment; both intuitively felt that the time was almost at hand. The vision was seated facing the deep bay window with her head just touching the curtains, while Spriggs sat so that his back was towards the street. He generally sat that way when in her company, to avoid the temptation of looking out when he heard a horse passing.

Then Spriggs meditatively resumed: "Until lately I thought that I should always move along in the rut I had fallen into, but now I am bold enough to hope for something infinitely better."

As Spriggs in his earnestness leaned forward his quick ear heard the distant pit-a-pat of a trotting horse. His first impulse was to turn and look out, but with a mighty effort he restrained himself, and, leaning still further, he groped blindly, excitedly for her hand. Nearer and nearer came the horse, but Spriggs now had a firm grasp on her hand.

"I do hope for something infinitely better, and—and—"

"Well," softly breathed the vision, while her glorious eyes gazed dreamily past him into the deepening night.

"And—and now it all rests on a single word. Can you—will you—dear Miss Lucy—is that a white horse?"

Dick Spriggs said the other day that if he did not read the papers for himself every morning he would imagine from Uncle Zeke's appearance that Northwestern had slumped off about 600 points.—[Detroit Free Press.

A Man Attacked by Squirrels.

Col. J. L. Culbertson of Edwardsport, Ind., tells this story of his experience in 1854 or thereabouts, the time of the great migration of squirrels from the east to the west. The Evansville Courier, which publishes the story, says that the colonel is a gentleman of "unquestioned truth and honesty." He was a young man then, and one day took his rifle and went about a mile from town to hunt. He was going through the woods when he met the army of squirrels. They became so thick around him and seemed so fearless that he stood in amazement. Finally he struck one with a stick. The squirrel uttered a sharp squeak and instantly myriads of squirrels from all directions rushed to the defence of their associate and attacked Mr. Culbertson, who kicked them off and clubbed at them with his gun. They climbed up his legs, jumped upon his back, and on top of his head. He fought desperately, but the more he succeeded in hurting the louder the chattering and screaming around him became, which only brought greater numbers of the infuriated little animals to the attack. They bit his legs and arms and gashed his face and neck and lacerated his hands, fairly scrambling over each other in their fierce assault. He dropped his gun and retreated as fast as he could, fighting desperately as he went. Blood streamed down his face and neck and hands. They bit him through the ears, and held on until they actually tore their hold loose. He got out of the woods, and still scores followed him and clung to him until they were pulled off by the clerk and others in a store into which young Culbertson rushed for assistance. Some of the friends who helped to pull off the squirrels, and who saw him come into town literally beset with them, still reside at Edwardsport. His friends washed his wounds and stayed the flow of blood which trickled down his legs and back and gushed from his face and neck, and, with good care and attention, he slowly recovered.

The American Mule.

No monument has yet been erected to honor the memory of the American mule. He is not a bad subject for treatment in bronze. His colossal ears, huge frame and expressive countenance would make up extremely well for---let us say---a pedestal in front of the War Dept.; nay, why should not at least one coin of the Republic bear his image and superscription, as was suggested in the following eloquent passage from the Fourth of July oration of Mr. George W. Peck, delivered at La Crosse, Wisconsin, in 1878:

"The bird that should have been selected as the emblem of our country: the bird of patience, forbearance, and perseverance, and the bird of terror when aroused, is the mule. There is no bird that combines more virtues to the square foot than the mule. With the mule emblazoned on our banners, we should be a terror to the foe. We are a nation of uncomplaining hard workers. We mean to do the fair thing by everybody. We plod along, doing as we would be done by. So does the mule. We, as a nation, are slow to anger. So is the mule. As a nation, we can occasionally stick our ears forward and fan flies off our forhead. So does the mule. We allow parties to get on and ride as long as they behave themselves. So does the mule. But when any nation sticks spurs into our flanks and tickles our heels with a straw, we come down stiff-legged in front, our ears look to the beautiful beyond, our voice is cut loose and is still for war, our subsquent heels play the snare drum on anything within reach and strike teror to the hearts of all tyrants. So does the mule!"

A Fine Dinner.

The New York Graphic tells about a fine dinner for eighteen persons, at which "the center of the table was filled by a large, low glass receptacle some eight feet long, which was imbedded in moss and ferns, and in which swam gold fish and terrapin. In the middle rose a fountain whose spray reached almost to the chandelier. At each lady's plate was a uniquely beautiful bouquet—a palm fern forming the background for a splendid bunch of La France roses. Each place was designated as belonging to a guest by an ivory tablet, on which the name was embossed in silver. The table was ornamented with many rare treasures of silver and china. Each salt-cellar was a silver swan, and in each was an 'apostle spoon,' Mrs. ——— being the fortunate possessor of a set of those beautiful examples of the skill of silversmiths of the middle ages. Tankards three or four hundred years old ornamented the occasion, and a Nuremburg drinking-horn of a very curious workmanship appealed to a more hardy thirst than gentlemen at New York dinner parties are in the habit of exhibiting."

A Curious Fact About San Francisco.

A curious fact about San Francisco is that it is about half way along a line running from the easternmost point of land to the westernmost owned by the United States. By drawing a line from the western end of the Aleutian Islands to the eastern end of Maine, it will be found that the Golden Gate on the Pacific is in about the middle of it.

The Little Grave on the Hill.

There's a spot on the hillside far away,
Where in summer the grass grows green;
Where, beneath a rushing elm tree's shade,
A moss covered stone is seen.
'Tis a quiet and unfrequented spot,
A solitude lone and wild;
Yet—somebody's hopes are buried there—
'Tis the grave of a little child.

In winter, alas! that mossy stone
Is hid 'neath a shroud of snow;
But around it, in springtime, fresh and sweet,
The daisies and violets grow;
And o'er it the summer breezes blow,
With a fragrance soft and mild,
And the autumn's dead leaves thickly strew
That grave of a little child.

And every year there's a redbreast comes,
When the month of May is nigh,
And builds her nest in this quiet spot,
'Mid the elm trees' branches high;
With her melody sweet by the hour she trills,
As if by the scene beguiled;
Perhaps—who knows? 'tis an angel comes
To the grave of that little child.

Yes, somebody's hopes lie buried there,
Some mother is weeping in vain.
For, though years may come and years may go,
'Twill never come back again.
Yet blessed are those who die in youth,
The pure and undefiled;
Some road to Heaven, perchance, runs through
That grave of a little child.

HUMOROUS.

The public will surely sour on the vinegar trust.

Old flames frequently get together and make a parlor match.

The parlor is probably the most frequented of all court rooms.

Don't judge by appearances. A brand new coat may cover a wire dummy.

If you just itch for anything, you may be able to get it by scratching around lively.

It reads a trifle paradoxical to see a cargo of salt cod noticed under the head of fresh arrivals.

Two heads are better than one, especially for a man who wants to go round the country with a circus.

The sign "Beware of the Dog" is not hung up "that he who runs may read," but "that he who reads may run."

Perhaps some of the people who are looking for nice, fat jobs could be accommodated if they would apply at a lard rendering establishment.

"Papa, where's Athens?" "Athens? I don't know, my boy. You mean Athens, probably." "No, I mean Atoms—the place where everything is blown to."

"Do you rectify mistakes here?" asked a gentleman as he stepped into a drug store. "Yes, sir, we do, if the patient is still alive," replied the urbane clerk.

A London druggist has hit the popular taste for good bargains. In his windows he displays a card that reads, "Come in and get twelve emetics for one shilling."

A school teacher recently asked her class the question: "What is a pilot?" The smart boy answered: "It is a lot where they grow pie-plant," and was sent to the foot of the class.

Grandma (coming in unexpectedly)—Why, Tommy, what have you been doing to Poll? She looks as if she'd had a conniption fit! Tommy—Polly said something about wanting me to crack her, and I did.

"There is something about you, Mr. Secondshelf, which tells me that you must have had a heart-history!" and she gazed upon him with intense, soulful eyes. "No, m'm," he said: "I ain't just right there, but it's only cigarettes."

"Will you love me when I'm old?" sang the ancient soubrette. "How old?" came in a shrill voice from the gallery. The singer did not reply, but the audience smiled when the curtain dropped, showing a century plant in full bloom.

Merchant (buying a bill of goods of a Chicago drummer)—What is your usual time, thirty days? Chicago drummer (absent mindedly)---Yes; or $10. I always pay the fine---oh--er--I beg pardon; yes, thirty days, or 2 per cent. off for cash.

When yesterday I asked you, love,
One little word to say,
Your brother interrupted us;
So please say yes-terday.

What Waterspouts at Sea Indicate.

The Hydrographic Office has just published an account of several remarkable waterspouts recently observed by masters of vessels on the Atlantic. The phenomenon is important, not only because the waterspout sometimes causes disaster at sea, but also because it is an indication to the mariner of the existence and bearings of a dangerous hurricane vortex. As a rule the position of the centre of a hurricane relative to a waterspout formed within its storm circle is northwesterly---the whirling water pillar usually occurring in the southeast quadrant of the cyclone. It is desirable that all shipmasters should carefully note and report any large waterspout seen at sea, as it is generally an index of an extensive cyclonic movement.---[New York Herald.

A Unkind Cut.

"I hear that you are engaged, Mamie?"

"It is true."

"Then mother was right."

"What about?"

"She said you would be engaged before leap year was over."—[Boston Courier.

A VOW FULFILLED.

The Terrible Vengence Convict Davis Visited on His Enemy.

Five years ago, Thomas Davis, a well-dressed stranger, came to Litchfield, Ill., and a few days after his arrival a wealthy citizen was robbed at the muzzle of a pistol. Samuel Waldrop was Constable at the time, and he arrested Davis for the offense. The case at first was not very strong against the accused, but Waldrop worked hard and secured a conviction. Davis was sentenced to seven years in the penitentary, and when the sentence was pronounced he turned to Waldrop and said: "I swear if I ever live to get out I'll kill you.

No attention was paid to the threat and Davis was conveyed to Chester, where he served his term and was released last week under the good-time rule. Yesterday he returned to Litchfield, but was only recognized by a few people. This morning he called at Waldrop's residence and asked to see Waldrop. The latter, who is no longer connected with the administration of the law, stepped to the door.

"Is your name Waldrop?" asked Davis.

"Yes, sir."

"My name is Tom Davis, and I've come to kill you as I swore I would."

Before Waldrop could move, Davis fired three times, killing him instantly on the threshold. The murderer fled, with a posse in pursuit.

PROMINENT PEOPLE.

MR. GLADSTONE always says *an* union and *an* European.

CHAUNCEY M. DEPEW carries life insurance for $500,000.

THE Crown Prince Nicholas of Russia is nineteen years of age.

GUZMAN BLANCO, President of Venezuela, is said to have killed twenty men in duels.

ALGERNON CHARLES SWINBURNE, the poet, is barely five feet high and very shy of women.

LOUIS KOSSUTH, the Hungarian patriot, is still living at Turin with his sister, in good health and busy with his autobiography.

ROSE ELIZABETH CLEVELAND denies that she is doing any literary work for publication. Her pen is busy writing lectures for the pupils under her charge.

THE Sultan of Turkey has presented the National Gallery of London with a large copy of the oil portrait of Nelson given by the Admiralty in 1799 to Selin III.

IT is said that Senator George, of Mississippi, remarked when re-elected, that he would never wear a dress suit or ride in a carriage, and that he has kept his word.

MR. HUGH MCCULLOCH, ex-Secretary of the Treasury, and Mrs. McCulloch recently celebrated their golden wedding anniversary. The ex-Secretary is eighty years of age.

HENRY BERGH, JR., nephew of the late Henry Bergh, has been elected to succeed his uncle as President of the New York Society for the Prevention of Cruelty to Animals.

THE London *Tid-Bits* publishes a number of autographs of "distinguished men of the world." The name of Buffalo Bill is found directly opposite the signature of the Prince of Wales.

PROFESSOR JOWETT, Master of Balliol College, Oxford, is at seventy years of age as active and light-hearted as ever. He walks miles every day, singing or whistling most of the time.

THE two eldest peers of Great Britain are Viscount Eversley and Lord Teynham, who are both ninety four years old. The youngest is the Duke of Albany, who was born just four years ago.

MISS MOLLIE GARFIEED, who is shortly to marry Mr. Stanley Brown, private secretary to President Garfield, is an exceptionally well informed girl, and takes an especial interest in scientific matters.

ROSWELL P. FLOWER, the wealthy political magnate of New York, was one of nine children born to a poor country tailor. He started in life on a salary of $5 per month and kept his expenses within his income.

JOSEPH WILLARD, proprietor of Willard's Hotel, Washington, is worth $13,000,000, and his two brothers are not far behind him in wealth. They were once porters in a hotel that stood on the site of their present hostelry.

IT is said that Andrew Carnegie, the noted ironmaster, has rented Cluny Castle, in the Highlands of Scotland, for the Summer. The castle has long been the seat of the chief of the Clan Macpherson, and was one of the hiding places of Prince Charles after the rebellion of '45.

MANY of the statesmen at Washington are fond of candy and may often be seen at the confectionery stand near the House. William Walter Phelps and Tom Reed like chocolates and marshmallows, Judge Houk, of Tennessee, buys perpermints, and McMillin, of the same State, grinds up hoarhound and jawbreakers with great relish.

MRS. CHAUNCEY S. PAINE, who has recently died in Flint, Mich., was the daughter of Jacob Smith, the celebrated India trader, through whose influence the treaty of 1819 was brought about and the territory in upper Michigan ceded to the Government. Mrs. Smith was also a relative of General Longstreet, of Confederate army fame.

NEWSY GLEANINGS.

THERE are 10,674 lawyers in France.

AN international conference of Quaker women is spoken of.

MORE than 10,000 persons were cremated in Tokio, Japan, last year.

THE official report numbers the sheep in the United States at 45,000,000.

THE damage from the phylloxera in France so far is estimated at $2,000,000,000.

THAT big storm in the East cost the railroads and telegraph lines fully $8,000,000.

PLEURO-PNEUMONIA among cattle no longer exists west of the Allegheny mountains.

IN Garfield County, Col., there are 1100 unmarried men and only 28 unmarried women.

ANOTHER large raft is being built in Nova Scotia, greater in bulk than that which was recently lost at sea.

MEASLES has broken out among the United States troops at Jefferson Barracks, near St. Louis, and caused many deaths.

JOHN D. ROCKEFELLER, President of the Standard Oil Company, has subscribed $25,000 to the Cleveland Y. M. C. A.

THE wool clip of Southern Utah this year will exceed that of last season by 500,000 pounds, and will probably reach 4,000,000 pounds.

THE Honduras Congress is discussing a bill for the establishment of a National jury system. Trial by jury is as yet unknown in that country.

STATISTICS appear to show that in England domestic servants are growing comparatively fewer. In 1831 there were 1,000,000, but in 1888 there are 1,250,000 only.

THE average yield of wheat in the United States in 1887 was about twelve bushels per acre, and the average price 68 cents per bushel. This is at the rate of only $8 per acre.

TWO Frazee brothers, of Pittsburg, make a claim to $32,000,000 worth of Trinity Church property in New York city, which was leased by their great-grandfather for ninety-nine years.

THE Cattle Trust of Denver, Colorado, has closed a contract with the French Government to supply the French army with one hundred and fifty thousand head of beef cattle annually.

THE new army register shows: out of 2162 officers on the army list 1051 are from West Point, while 944 come from civil life, and 167 were promoted from among the enlisted men of the army.

A FARMER living in Shiawassee County, Mich., called on the agent of an insurance company doing business in the county, and paid back $263 which he had received as insurance on a burned building. At the same time he confessed that he had set the building on fire.

JOHN REYNOLDS, who died in Buffalo lately, was reputed to be the only soldier on the American Continent who took part in the famous charge of the Light Brigade at Balaklava, but another survivor exists in the person of Captain Thomas Morley, now a messenger in the Surgeon-General's office in Washington.

GORED AND BURNED.

A Frightful Catastrophe at a Mexican Bull Fight.

Many Women and Children Killed by the Infuriated Beasts.

Sunday afternoon about forty-five minutes past four o'clock the bull-ring at Celava, Mexico, was crowded with spectators of the great national sport. The company of bull-fighters from Leon was still playing with the first bull when a fire suddenly broke out on the sunny side of the plaza. A panic seized upon the vast assemblage and a frightful spectacle was the result. The plaza was constructed of wooden masts, reeds, etc., and it was due to this fact that the majority of the people escaped without injury, being able to force an opening permitting exits at different points, but many women and children jumped from the top, a distance of 200 to 300 feet, and over one hundred of them were seriously wounded. Many people were killed and injured by the wild bulls, liberated through the cowardice and criminality of their attendants, who ripped and gored women and children as they had been trained to "play" with the picadores.

Celaya is a city of ten thousand inhabitants, thirty-five miles southeast of Guanajuato, on the route to Queretaro and Mexico. It contains many very wealthy people, who, of course, patronize amusements and sports. Consequently when the Leon company took their bulls and paraphernalia there the bull fight was extensively advertised, and everybody was at the plaza before 3 o'clock on Sunday afternoon, the time appointed for the national sport to begin. Indeed the Superintendent of the jo al prison gave permission to several prisoners to witness the fights "under guard"—that is, attended by national troops carrying loaded carbines. The "place of play" was crowded to the utmost.

The fight had fairly begun, the picadores being urged by the excited crowd to despatch the first bull, which had been uncommonly dull and shrinking. All at once a cry of "fire!" was heard in the rink. This was followed by a cloud of smoke coming from the place where the jailbirds were seated. Immediately the crowd became panic stricken. All the regular exits were choked as if by magic, so the men made openings in the frail walls of reed and matting, and permitted their wives and little ones to escape wherever they were not too far from the ground. But to the gaily dressed throng occupying the upper tiers of seats the situation was appalling. The building was now on fire, all the exits stopped, and these people were from 150 to 175 feet from the ring. Despite the warning of the Mayor and Chief of Police and the yelling of the Leons that the fire was trivial and could soon be put out, many of the sightseers leaped into the arena, men, women and children falling in confused heaps, those underneath being maimed and bruised and some children being killed outright.

A slight wind was blowing which fanned the flames steadily, the matting burning with a loud, crackling noise. All at once the bulls, which had been confined in stalls, were deserted by the boys having them in charge, broke into the arena and in making for the plaza they trampled on about two hundred persons who were trying to find exits. Fire seems to have maddened these brutes to a frightful degree, for they gored several women to death and drove others to climb up again to the lower tiers and risk death from suffocation rather than contact with the infuriated beasts. Details show that eighteen persons were killed outright, sixty-eight persons were very badly burned, and ten of them fatally. Fifty persons, in escaping, were knocked down and trampled upon by the panic stricken throng, and all were very seriously but not fatally injured. Among the eighteen dead were two women, who were first gored to death by the bulls and their bodies afterward burned. A despatch to a leading journal in the City of Mexico says: "The scenes in the neighborhood of the bull ring were sickening beyond description. Women and children, crazed with suffering from their burns, ran aimlessly through the streets, and could scarcely be overtaken or collected by their friends. Several persons lost their reason from the severe mental shocks to which they were subjected.

"The fire was incendiary. In the Celaya Jail were a number of prisoners, army deserters, etc., who had obtained permission from the authorities to attend the bull-fight. One of the deserters surreptitiously struck a match and ignited one of the dry petate (mats), and in an instant the 'Sol' side of the ring was ablaze. In the confusion and excitement the prisoners succeeded in making good their escape, taking chances to effect their ends. The best society of Celaya was in attendance. There was an unusual number of ladies and children there, and these, as often is the case in such events, were the sufferers. No man lost his life. The helpless little ones and their mothers, who would not desert their offspring, were the victims of this most appalling catastrophe. It is the saddest tragedy that has ever occurred in the three centuries of the city's history. Hundreds of fine villas and splendid residences contain persons who were either wounded or made sick by the fire, and the bull fight of Sunday is likely to be the last affair of the kind there for many years to come."

FEDERAL FINANCES.

Condition of the Government's Assets and Liabilities.

The last public debt statement shows a decrease of $11,586,559.68 during March. This makes the reduction since the beginning of the fiscal year $88,560,781. The total debt is $1,701,807,440.60, and the debt less available cash in the Treasury is $1,295,442,085.

The following shows the assets and liabilities of the United States Treasury at the close of business March 31.

Assets.

Gold	$310,772,202
Silver	255,415,277
United States notes	33,085,622
Trade dollar bullion	6,649,022
National bank notes	253,821
In U. S. depositories	61,231,647
Fractional currency redeemed	983
Interest paid	60,513
Bank notes in process of redemption	5,069,965
Interest paid on D. C. bonds	4,130
Assets not available:	
Minor coin	186,548
Fractional silver	25,566,279
Total	$678,293,954

Liabilities.

Gold certificates outstanding	$91,953,949
Silver certificates outstanding	191,526,445
Certificates of deposit outstanding	8,915,081
Matured debt and interest	14,079,951
Legal tender fund	100,000,000
Redemption, banks failed, etc.	99,780,918
Five per cent. fund	7,481,929
Post-office account	4,496,578
Disbursing officers' balances	27,014,402
Assets failed banks	2,268,542
Redemption and ex. account	518,695
Transfer checks and drafts out	2,792,830
For interest on D. C. bonds	158,414
Total	$547,967,195

Balances.

Net gold	$218,818,253
Net silver	47,886,782
Net United States notes	24,170,622
Trade dollar bullion	6,649,022
National bank notes	253,821
Deposits	61,231,647
Total	$355,010,149

Recapitulation.

Assets	$678,293,954
Liabilities	547,967,195
Balance	$130,326,758

Gold coin and bullion in Treasury, $310,314,280; silver dollars, $254,876,774; legal tenders, $33,529,497; gold certificates in circulation $92,291,263; silver, $191,137,859; currency, $9,245,000.

SINCE the convention of the Irish National League of America a year and a half ago, Father O'Reilly, the National Treasurer, has forwarded to Ireland over $120,000.

THE LABOR WORLD.

WASHINGTON, Penn., has subscribed $40,000 for a new glass works.

THE total production of steel in the United States during 1887 aggregated 3,739,750 net tons.

IT has been estimated that it would take from 1250 to 2100 days for one man to make a locomotive.

CHARLES PRATT, the Brooklyn millionaire, has given $1,500,000 for the establishment of a manual training school in Brooklyn.

THE steel superstructure for the new $500,000 Panhandle bridge over the Ohio, at Steubenville, is being prepared at Youngstown, Ohio.

IN Augusta, Ga., a tree felled in early morning was, before nightfall of the same day, converted into paper and sent out bearing the current news.

THE employes of the Scot Foundry at Reading, Penn., have lately been granted time and quarter time for night work, which the firm had previously refused to give.

AN immense locomotive has just been constructed at a Paris foundry. Its builder predicts that it will realize an approximate speed of ninety-three miles an hour.

THE weavers, spinners and other piece workers in the employ of the Cocheco Manufacturing Company, of Dover, N. H., have had their wages increased five per cent.

THERE is $35,000,000 invested in manufacturing in Kansas—$5,000,000 more than was invested in 1886. Six thousand hands find employment in the lead, zinc and coal mines.

THE steam and boiler felters of New York, who struck because they were refused an advance in wages, have started in business for themselves, and are said to be doing well.

ONE seldom hears of French calf boots or shoes nowadays. American tanners are now making as good calf-skin as the French ever turned out, and importations are going the other way.

BRACE BROTHERS, proprietors of a laundry at Pittsburg, have entered a suit against the Trades Assembly for $10,000 damages on account of a boycott instituted by the assembly against their business.

A FORTUNE awaits the man who can invent a substitute for plaster. The want is for something made of pulp which can be pressed into sheets the size of the ceiling of a room and tacked to the joints.

OWING, it is said, to trade depression, the large envelope manufacturers, White, Corbin & Co., Rockville, Conn., have reduced the hours of labor from ten to eight hours a day. The factory has a capacity of 2,000,000 daily.

TWENTY-THREE hundred men who went to work in the rolling mills at South Chicago, February 6th, after an enforced idleness of three months, will be out of employment again, because they have received notification that the mills will shut down from over-production.

A CONFERENCE of church janitors of all denominations was held recently in New York city, and arrangements effected for a permanent organization. They allege that their work is overbearing and that the lowest wages are paid. They also protest against working on Sundays.

IN shoe factories each part of the shoe has men who work in teams and are paid different wages. The average pay of all hands is from fifteen to twenty dollars a week. The busiest times are the spring and fall seasons, when the men are often paid larger wages than at other times.

THE brakemen and conductors of the New Jersey branch of the Delaware, Lackawanna and Western Railroad are incensed over the order of the Board of Directors holding them responsible for all injury to cars caused by passengers and requiring them to make such damage good to the company.

MUSICAL AND DRAMATIC.

ALARD, a once famous violinist, died recently, aged 75.

PRESIDENT CLEVELAND is very fond of the theatre, but seldom goes.

A BELGIAN has invented a harp to be played upon with keys as in a piano.

IT IS reported that A. M. Palmer will build a new theatre in upper Broadway, New York.

MME. SEMBRICH, who charmed Americans in Italian opera some years ago, is singing in London.

LOTTA, through illness, recently missed a performance, for the first time in her life, at Cheyenne, Wyoming.

"PAUL KAUVAR," the successful New York play, was sold recently to a syndicate of wealthy metropolitan gentlemen.

MODJESKA'S French maid smoked a cigarette the other day and burned up the theatrical wardrobe of her mistress.

AT Copenhagen, Denmark, a great musical festival will be celebrated in May. None but Scandinavian music will be performed.

DURING the last three months of

...orth Carolinian.

...ed Every Wednesday

For... ...s and advertising rates, see first page

Communications relative to any of the interests of the Albemarle District solicited.

FIRST DISTRICT REPUBLICAN CONVENTION.

There will be a Convention of the Republican Party of the First Congressional District of North Carolina held at Edenton on the 6th day of June 1888, at 3 o'clock p. m., to elect two Delegates and two Alternates to the Republican National Convention to be held at Chicago on the 19th of June. Each county is entitled to delegates equal to twice the number of its Representatives in the lower House of the General Assembly. The Republicans of the counties of the District are requested to meet and appoint said delegates as early as practicable, and a general invitation is extended to all, without regard to past political affiliations who are in sympathy with the principles of the Republican Party, to join.

E. A. WHITE,
April 4, 1888. Chair'n Ex. Com.

THE ELEVATION OF THE FARMER.

The increase of intelligence and knowledge among farmers during the past twenty-five years is exceedingly gratifying to those persons who have been spending time and effort in helping to reach this desirable end. Not many years ago a farmer who read papers and books devoted to the service and art of agriculture was contemned by the majority of his neighbors as a crank, an object of pity or contumacy, as the case might be. No one but the man who followed the plow and wielded the antiquated hoe was supposed to be capable of giving any creditable opinion or advice upon the subject.

Now what a change! The best agricultural journals and newspapers which devote large space to the discussion of agricultural matters and the diffusion of agricultural knowledge have more than a million of readers, possibly twice that number, while every winter hundreds of farmer's meetings are held, when the farmers themselves do the talking and discussing and manage things.

THE RALEIGH BANK AFFAIR.

It begins to look suspicious that there is a good deal of rottenness about the Raleigh Bank defalcation, and it should be probed to the bottom. The Government furnishes examiners whose duties require them to go through every National Bank and examine every dollar, every note and other paper, and every book in it When these officers do this properly such stupendous frauds are impossible.

Now why was not this duty thoroughly performed in this case. What kind of influence was it that prevented them from giving the people the protection they had a right to expect? Relying on the reports of these Government officials, hard earnings, industrial funds, and other monies were deposited and are swamped, wiped out, lost. It is high time the Comptroller of the Currency called some of his subordinates to an account.

The boodlers have been brought back to Raleigh.

INHUMAN TREATMENT OF CONVICTS.

The horrors of imprisonment in the Siberian mines, which Mr, Kennan is retelling in the pages of the *Century*, find a parallel in the story which comes from Arkansas in regard to the treatment of convicts who are leased out by the State to work in coal mines. In an investigation now in progress it has been shown that convicts have been maltreated and murdered by brutal overseers for the most trifling offence. Several have been whipped to death. But it is only the old story of the wrongs and outrages which always attend the workings of the convict lease system. No State desiring to be abreast of the age in humanity and enlightment should tolerate such a system.

In 1886 there were imported from Europe $175,000,000 worth of manufactured goods. Some complain that there being nearly $100,000,000 locked up idle in the United States Treasury, but here is nearly twice as much hopelessly gone forever, which might have been retained if the goods that it paid for had been manufactured in this country.

At the end of President Polk's Democratic administration the United States had no money, nor could it borrow any at 10 per cent. But now there are ninety millions in gold, forty millions in silver, and twenty millions in greenbacks, idle in the Treasury.

A Western Republican paper in a recent editorial speaks of "that cheap aggregation of contradictions known as the Democratic party." This is not exactly correct; the Democratic party is a very expensive luxury.

The United States Supreme Court has made an order assigning Justice Harlan of the Fourth District to fill the vacancy caused by Chief Justice Waite.

It is manifest that a Republican revival has begun. Great gains have been made at all the recent elections held.

Cleveland wants to make another Southern trip—this time to Texas.

A KENTUCKY REFORMER.

We have already called attention to the fact that the late Democratic State Treasurer of Kentucky has moved his residence, and is now a delegate at large to the American colony in Canada. He belongs to the noble company of Democratic reformers who use public office for a private trust. In this case the trust swallowed up over $200,000 of the people's money, and then the reformer cried "down with the trusts," and started for the Canadian shore. Most any Democrat could afford to go out of the trust business after he has made $200,000 while in it.

It is plain that Bourbonism has been having its own way much too long in Kentucky. If there had been a Republican administration wedged in occasionally that enterprising Treasurer would not have been able to carry on his peculations without interruption for a long series of years. By the way, Democratic majorities have been decreasing in that State, the people evidently think it is time to "open the books" and see how the account stands.

THE CROP OF 1887

The returns of the Department of Agriculture for March show that the corn crop of last season is the smallest since 1884, and the remainder in farmers' hands also the smallest in seven years. It is estimated at 508,000,000, against 603,000,000 bushels last year. The indicated stock of the wheat of 1887 in the hands of farmers is 132,000,000 bushels against 122,000,000 last year, or 29 per cent of the crop, against 26 7 per cent last March. According to these statistics there has been used in seeding of winter wheat 34,000,000 bushels, 187,000,000 bushels in eight months' consumption, 67,000,000 bushels exported in wheat and flour, 38,000,000 bushels visible supply, and an unusual quantity in elevators and actual consumption.

The *North State* thinks that a few more swindles like the sale of the Western N. C., R. R., the collapse of the State National Bank right under the eye of the Raleigh officials, and the probable loss of the Atlantic & N. C., R. R., will be additional factors in retiring the party now controlling the State.

A year ago the people of Rhode Island, for the first time in many years, elected a Democratic Governor and Legislature. But one year's trial was enough for them. At the election held last week they wheeled the State back again into the Republican column.

The Free Press says "Honest Jim Tate" was the familiar nick name of the State Treasurer of Kentucky, just as "Honest Charlie" is that of a New York burglar recently sent to Sing Sing. They all seem to be honest until they get a chance not to be.

A cotemporary suggests if the United States could quietly take Mexico out behind the woodpile and give her a good walloping, the results would benefit the whole world for half a century to come.

The Central Texas Live Stock Association has unanimously adopted resolutions denouncing the Mills Tariff bill. The cowboys will have none of their fellow-Texan's free trade foolishness.

At the municipal elections in Missouri the other day the Republicans made great gains.

The South's Interest in the Liberal Tariff.

No section of this Union is as much interested as the South in sustaining a liberal and just tariff, which, while it raises all the revenue we need, affords all the incidental protection possible to the manufacturing industries of this country. We complain that the Northern people have grown rich by perseverance in manufacturing under our protective system As we have greatly superior natural advantages, instead of making war on them, suppose we imitate their example and go forward in the development of our resources and the manufacture of our raw material, the diversity of our labor, of our crops, and of our productions, and let us see if we can not in this way grow rich and powerful, as the people of the North have done, by adopting their line of policy, which created their wealth. Instead of lagging behind and crying out against a policy which has greatly enriched a sister section of the Union, let us go forward as a determined competitor, and with our greatly superior advantages finally bear off the palm of victory in progress, development and wealth.

A Libel on Rip Van Winkle

Peoria Transcript.

Some one calls Secretary Bayard "the Rip Van Winkle of the Cleveland Cabinet." This is a slur on the old Dutchman. After sleeping 20 or 25 years Rip did wake up. Bayard has not, and there is no evidence that he will.

The New Political Era.

San Francisco Alta.

The country is in revolt against pancake batter politics The days of flapdoodle are numbered. Straddling is no longer heroic. The man who thinks getting into office is the aim and end of parties will have to saw wood for cold meat while we have a contention of principles.

During the past week 2,000 emigrants have sailed from Queenstown for America

For the CAROLINIAN.]

Frederick Sawyer Proctor.

The subject of this sketch was born in the early part of the present century of parents who were distinguished on the one side for sterling business qualities and on the other for genius. Two of his maternal relatives were members of Congress. He received a collegate education and studied medicine. He never practiced his profession, but followed the natural trend of his mind and devoted his life to literary pursuits. At one time he edited a newspaper and was once a member of the Legislature.

Mr. Proctor had a very peculiar mind. He was a great reader and was better versed in scientific subjects than any one in this State. His memory was retentive and his erudition astonishing. Having an ample fortune, he gave but little attention to business, but lived among his books. He was in the world, but not of the world. The brevity and the uncertainty of human life were so impressed upon him, that he cared very little for it. Astronomy and Theology were his favorite studies. He divided his attention between the stars and that "undiscovered country" which lies beyond the stars. He was not orthodox in views upon the subject of religion, nor indeed upon any other subject. He did not think as other men. Possessed of both genius and learning he did not know how to adapt himself to his environment, nor did he desire to do so. He walked the earth and looked into the heavens. Like the wise men of Greece, he very naturally stumbled and fell. From a practical standpoint his life was a failure. Whether it will so appear in the unread record of human actions and human destiny, we cannot tell

Mr. Proctor was sincere, truthful, law-abiding and generous. He possessed most of the virtues and few of the vices of humanity. He was most respected and best beloved by those who had known him longest. With no enemies and with many friends left behind he has crossed the river of death and reached that unexplored realm which sends back to us no message. When the curtain is lifted and the silence broken, it may be that he has builded more wisely than some of us, who were disposed to laugh at his eccentricities.

He was our personal friend. We shall sadly miss his genial and instructive conversation. In bidding him a final farewell, we invoke a benediction upon his memory.

*

A Little History.

North State,

The democrats took possession of North Carolina under the most favorable conditions. Money was plenty. The State was attracting attention from abroad. Republican administration had given the people new life, and infused new energy and brighter hopes. The republican party was moved with ideas of general improvement in material affairs, and advancement in educational interests.

The well intended efforts of the much abused legislature of 1868 were perverted through the machinations and intrigues of democratic lawyers and lobbyists, and in turn these same schemers utilized their nefarious work to prejudice the people against the republican party. On the final judgement day it will be one of the pleasant sights to see distinguished democratic statesmen, judges and politicians begging pardon of the honest old farmer legislators of 1868, whom they imposed on and then maligned and slandered, for doing what they advised was in the interest of North Carolina.

The people are keen observers. They now forcefully contrast the present imbecile management of the different state departments to the vigorous executive force of Tod R Cadwell and Curtis H. Brogden. They listen to the lawyer's complaints about a weak democratic supreme court, and look back wishfully to the days when Pearson and Read, and Rodman, Dick, Settle, Bynum and Faircloth graced the bench, and won the praise of a democratic bar, while is was willing to destroy the efficiency of the judicial department, and cloud its reputation for learning, simply to gratify miserable party prejudice,

All these things are not lost on a suffering, distressed, and court-house ring ridden people.

The States Must Levy Whisky Taxes.

S. B. Elkins.

The taking off the tax by the general Government does not mean free whisky, nor does it mean that whisky, alcohol or spirits will escape taxation. On the contrary it makes the way clearer for the States to deal with the question and impose State taxation. The States need the taxes on whisky. If the people of the States could levy and collect the tax now imposed by the general Government on whisky and appropriate it to pay expenses this would enable them to that extent to reduce State taxation. What the people need is relief from the burdens of State, county and municipal taxes. Indirect or customs tax is not burdensome. Therefore, the taking off of the tax by the general Government would indirectly aid the people of the States in the payment of all other taxes. In illinois the license fee for selling liquor has been raised to $500. The result is that the revenue from that source has increased from $700,000 to $4,000,000, and the number of saloons has been reduced about one-third Then again, taxation of whisky and alcohol by the Government is a recognition of the right to manufacture the same. This is offensive to the most advanced thought and to the best temperance element of the country. This element favors abolishing the Internal Revenue system.

The Difference is Clear.

Philadelphia Press.

The free-trade indictment against Mr Randall is in substance that he is more loyal to American industries than to the party which aims to destroy them. In the Republican faith that is a virtue; in the Democratic it is a crime,

Sailor's Truthfulness.

Boston Bulletin.

Truth is the foundation of honor, and this is strikingly illustrated on the world of waters. Every duty on board of a ship must be performed truthfully. The most debased sailor that ever lived, if sent aloft in a dark and stormy night to inspect the condition of sail or yard, would not dare to make a false report. Again, if the captain were on the forecastle, and hailed the man at the wheel how the ship headed, he would implicitly believe the answer received. Now for the result of this truthfulness. We always have many millions of property afloat, yet who ever hears of crews running away with their ships or embezzling their cargoes? Look up and down the lists of bankrupts ashore, and how rarely or never do we see the names of master mariners.

Tariff on Farm Products.

Toledo Blade.

A Wisconsin subscriber asks us for the tariff list on agricultural products. Here it is. Please cut it out and paste in your scrap-book:

Wool, from 2½ to 12 cents per pound.
Potatoes, 15 cents per bushel.
Butter, 4 cents per pound.
Cheese, 4 cents per pound.
Wheat 20 cents per bushel.
Rye and barley, 10 cents per bushel.
Indian corn, 10 cents per bushel.
Honey, 20 cents per gallon.
Milk, preserved, 20 per cent. ad valorem.
Hams and bacon, 2 cents per pound
Beef and pork, 1 cent per pound,
Lard, 2 cents per pound.
Pickles, 35 per cent. ad valorem.
Vegetables, 30 per cent ad valorem.
Vinegar 6½ cents per gallon.
Flax $20 per ton.
Hemp, $25 per ton.

Truth is Mighty.

Grocer (to boy)—What are you doing, James?

James—Puttin' sand in the sugar.

Grocer—Well, that won't do. You must put the sugar in the sand and then if a customer asks if we put sand in our sugar you can truthfully say no. You will find, James, as you acquire more business experience that in the long run, truth always pays.—N. Y. Sun.

The Verdict Unanimous.

W. D. Suh, Druggist, Bippus Ind. testifies: "I can recommend Electric Bitters as the best remedy. Every bottle sold has given relief in every case. One man took six bottles, and was cured of Rheumatism of ten years' standing." Abraham Hare, druggist, Bellville, Ohio, affirms: "The best selling medicine I have ever handled in my twenty years' experience is Electric Bitters." Thousands of others have added their testimony, so that the verdict is unanimous that Electric Bitters do cure all diseases of the Liver, Kidneys or Blood. Only a half dollar a bottle at Wood & Wadsworth's Drug Store.

Political Pull.

Is a rather uncertain thing to depend upon as a basis for obtaining the necessaries of life. With the frequent change of party somebody is sure to get left, so that on the whole any man of brains and ability is really fortunate if, by missing a fat public job, he is compelled to take up some such business as an agency for Dr. Foote's "Plain Home Talk," which is sure to be a good paying business as long as he will devote himself to it. A really popular medical book such as "Plain Home Talk" sells at all times and in all places, and often the best ground for an agency is that which has been plowed over once or twice by an agent. There is room for all who will apply to the Murry Hill Publishing Co., 129 East 28th St., and "first come, first served."

STATE ITEMS

Hard coal has been discovered in Bladen county.

The county jail in Carteret has been empty nearly two years.

Goldsboro has a Savings Bank with Judge Faircloth as President.

The High Point post office has been raised to a $1,000 salary office.

There are now 618 Farmers' Alliances organized in this State.

The Wilmington Messenger says that the rice crops have been good.

An Edgecombe man near Tarboro is manufacturing clay pipes and flower pots.

Rev Mr. Bull, the Apiarist of Eastern Carolina, reports that the outlook for honey is promising.

The Salvation Army have struck Asheville, and the Citizen thinks they have a "field ripe unto the harvest."

The Newberne Journal says there is complaint of serious loss to truck farmers on account of the Irish potato crop rotting in the ground.

At a municipal election held at Ceatral, on the Air Line road, there were five candidates for the office of Mayor, and ten votes were cast.

Commissioner Patrick says there are now fifteen fruit canneries in successful operation in this State, all of which are proving satisfactory pecuniarily.

The Winston Sentinel says that a "moonshiner in Stokes county recently manufactured forty gallons of corn whiskey from four bushels of corn and ten boxes of concentrated lye.

Rev. L. C. Vass, of Newberne, has been appointed by the General Assembly of the Presbyterian Church a delegate to the World's Presbyterian Council at London in July.

The State Shell Commission have decided to throw open the entire Pamlico Sound public oyster grounds on the 1st of June. Those of Hyde and Pamlico counties were opened on the 1st of April.

It is said that W. T. Blackwell, of Durham, erected in that city in 1885 fifty nine buildings, and that he made it a rule to sell them at prime cost and six per cent interest on the investment to persons wishing to become citizens of Durham,

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

MRS. M. HILL,
DEALER IN FIRST-CLASS
Millinery, Notions & Fancy Goods.
MOURNING GOODS A SPECIALTY.
Orders from a distance will receive prompt attention.
Old Bank Building, Road Street, Elizabeth City, N. C. 43-51

Home-Made Tin-Ware,
—BY—
H. O. HILL,
The Tinner,
Fearing St. Dock, Elizabeth City, N. C.
And GUTTERING, ROOFING, and all kinds of Work pertaining to the business done by skilled workmen.

"THE MATCHLESS."
SPRING MILLINERY OPENING
AT MRS. WHITE'S.
Ladies are cordially invited to attend Thursday, Friday and Saturday, 12th, 13th and 14th of April.

THE DRUGGISTS TOILET SOAP

TAR. GLYCERINE. OLIVE OIL. PALM OIL. HONEY.
CASTILE. CARBOLIC. PRINCESS. GLYCERINE. SULPHUR. WINDSOR.
ABSOLUTELY PURE
Manufactured expressly for the drug trade from Olive Oil and other selected material. Always the same. Gives general satisfaction. For sale by all first-class druggists. Call for the Druggists' Toilet Soap and take no other. Manufactured by
J. T. DUGGS & BRO., CHICAGO

IF YOU WANT TO KNOW
1,001 Important things you never knew or thought of about the human body and its curious organs. *How life is perpetuated, health saved, disease induced. How to avoid pitfalls of ignorance and indiscretion. How to apply Home Cure to all forms of disease. How to cure Croup, Old Sores, Rupture, Phimosis, etc. How to mate, be happy in marriage & have prize babies.*
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Having qualified as Administratrix of the late Richard Brothers, I hereby give notice to all persons indebted to his estate to come forward and make immediate settlement, and those holding claims against the same, to present them within twelve months from the date of this notice or it will be plead in bar of their recovery.
ELIZABETH BROTHERS
April 4, 1888. Administratrix

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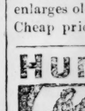
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Leader of Low Prices,

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NEAR THE DOCK.

The North Carolinian.

WEDNESDAY, APRIL 11, 1888.

ELIZABETH CITY CHURCHES.

EPISCOPAL. Rev. H. A. Skinner, Rector. Services Sundays at 11 A. M., and 7 P. M. Sunday School at 2:30 P. M. All cordially invited

METHODIST. Rev. J. T. Whitley, Pastor. Service on Sundays at 11 A. M., and 7 P. M. Sunday School at 9:30 A. M. A cordial invitation to all. Seats free.

BAPTIST. Rev. George Baker, Pastor. Service on Sundays at 11 A. M., and 7 P. M. Sunday School at 9:30 A. M. Seats free. Invitation extended to all.

A. M. E. ZION. Rev. S. F. Dickson, Pastor. Service every Sunday at 2:30 P. M., and 7. P. M

☞ Farmers busy.

☞ Corn planting begun

☞ The wheat is looking well.

☞ Peas, potatoes and truck are all growing vigorously.

☞ Remember that the bird law is now in force. Spare the birds.

☞ The strawberry men report the prospect of a bountiful yield.

☞ As a rule mixed farming pays better to the ordinary farmer than special crops.

☞ Mr Stephen Brothers, a worthy citizen of Salem, this county, died on the 5th inst, aged 77 years.

☞ The "hand shaking" gentry are beginning to move about! How exceedingly polite they are! The "dear people," you know.

☞ The latest "pointer in our local politics" is that Tom Skinner's chances for the nomination are improving, and as a faithful chronicler of the news the CAROLINIAN notes it.

☞ Hon. Henry Houck, of Harrisburg, Pa., will accept our thanks for a copy of the Report of the Pennsylvania State Board of Agriculture for the year 1887. It is a good sized volume, and is full of valuable information.

☞ The position of the CAROLINIAN is that the wage-worker of this country shall not be as poorly paid, nor be as meanly clad and fed as his unfortunate brother across the ocean, and, that he may not be, it advocates the interposition of the shield of the protective system. And this is the position of the Republican Party.

☞ Prof. S. L. Sheep has invited John H. Small esq., of Washington, to deliver the Commencement Address at the Academy here on the 14th of June, and he has accepted the invitation. Mr. Small is one of the rising young men of Eastern Carolina. He has brains, culture and oratorical ability. An address worth hearing may be expected.

☞ The editor of the CAROLINIAN has received letters from Republicans in a number of counties of the District, soliciting his opinion as to what should be done at the District and State Conventions. To these he makes this general answer: Let good, representative men be elected as delegates to both—men who will act to promote harmony and for the best interests of the party. He does not favor instructions, but thinks it best to leave the delegates untrammeled and free to act, after meeting and consultation, as their best judgment shall dictate.

☞ The election for Town Commissioners will be held on the 7th of May. The registrars and poll keepers are:

1st Ward: Registrar, T. R. Mann; poll keepers, T. B. Wilson and E. J. Barco.

2d Ward: Registrar, W. C. Glover; poll keepers, G. W. Twiddy and John Balance.

3d Ward: Registrar, W. D. Williams; poll keepers, E. N. Shannon and C. E. Kramer.

4th Ward: Registrar, W. R. Riddick; poll inspectors, Evan Pritchard and Hugh Cale.

5th Ward: Registrar, P. F. Gibbs; poll keepers, Geo. McElharney and S. D. Barnes.

☞ A sketch of Frederick S. Proctor, whose death was briefly announced last week, appears in another column. We feel to add a tribute to his memory. He was among the first acquaintences we made on locating here nineteen years ago. We cultivated the intimacy because we found him to be an affable and courteous gentleman, a man with aesthetic tastes and from which could be learned having been a newspaper man himself, editing and publishing the *Phœnix* here away back in '39 and '40, he reciprocated, and a friendship was formed that continued to the end of his life. He became a regular and welcome visitor at our office, entertaining us, as he always could, when he found us at leisure, and quietly looking over our literary and scientific exchanges when he saw us engaged. We had a chair for him and we always missed him when illness or absence from town kept him away. We never knew a man so thoroughly familiar with the old authors—the classics, mythology, philosophy, poetry and science, and many a pleasant hour have we spent listening to him quoting from them, for he could do so with wonderful accuracy. But all is ended. We shall never see nor hear him more. He is gone as, sooner or later, we all must go.

"The life has gone, the breath has fled,
And what has been no more shall be,
The well known form, familiar tread,
O where are they? And where is he?"

☞ Corn was 58½ cents at Norfolk yesterday.

☞ Curses, like processions, are apt to return to the place whence they came.

☞ The brave man is an inspiration to the weak, and compels a following.

☞ The advice of the CAROLINIAN is: Let all those who have "axes to grind" turn the grindstone.

☞ The CAROLINIAN repeats, don't waite for 'something to turn up," but go yourself and do the "turning."

"He sits and waites, and waites in vain."

☞ We are desirous of placing the CAROLINIAN in every home in Pasquotank and adjoining counties. Will our friends aid us by asking theirs to subscribe?

☞ Said a gentleman who recently spent a few days here:

"I am more than favorably impressed with Elizabeth City. It is a pretty town and is most favorably located, and I find an energy and go-ahead-itiveness I admire."

☞ The offer of the "New York Evening Post" is respectfully declined. The organ of the Importers who are interested in and benefited by Free Trade, the CAROLINIAN don't care to aid its circulation.

—WIFE: "What are you meditating about? Is there anything of special interest this morning?

HUSBAND: "Yes, my dear, there is. Robinson & Co., are accused of selling Groceries so cheap that I must go and see for myself."

☞ It is wise for every farmer, in laying out his work for the season, to give the garden a liberal share of attention. It may not be labor that will bring in the greatest returns in money, but it is certain to do so in family health and comfort.

☞ The price of fish in the Northern markets is considerably dependent on the condition they arrive in. Those of our Fishermen who carefully wash their fish and pack them in clean ice, always realize much better prices; but we learn that many do not take this precaution, their fish, consequently, reach their destination in less marketable order, and the receipts realized are in proportion.

☞ "Reader" wants to know how the term "O. K." originated, and what it means? It is understood to mean "all correct." It was asserted that President Jackson marked his State papers with the e letters as a signification of his endorsement. Their first use, however, was by Old Keokuk, the Chief of the Sacs and Foxes. When he sold Iowa to the Government he signed the deed with the initials O. K.

☞ Writes a Perquimans subscriber: "I consider the CAROLINIAN a model home paper. I use to take a New York paper but I have dropped it, as I get all the important news from abroad, as well as the home news, in your paper. Considering the amount and variety of reading matter and news it contains I consider it cheap enough at the price. I have induced several of my friends to subscribe, and I will try to get more to do so."

Thanks. If all who like the paper would "do likewise," its circulation would soon be doubled. Think how much good it would do!

☞ "Inquirer" propounds two questions; 1st, Who was the fattest person who ever lived? and 2nd, What is the origin of the term "eaves-dropper?" To the first we answer that Daniel Lambert was probably the fattest person that ever lived. He was born in 1769 and died in 1809. He measured nine feet and four inches round the waist, and the calf of his leg was thirty-seven inches in circumference. His weight was 739 pounds. To the second question we can only say that it is said that at the revival of Masonry in 1717 a man of curiosity listened at the door of a Masonic meeting, in order to learn its secrets. He was caught and sentenced at once "to be placed under the eaves of an outhouse, in the rain, until water ran in under the collar of his coat and out of his shoes," and hence the name.

☞ A correspondent wants to know, "What does the CAROLINIAN really mean when it so frequently speaks of 'first class farmers?'" In the first place it does not mean a man who has the finest carriage and horses, nor who owns the most acres, nor who has the largest bank account, and does his farming by proxy. But it is the man who makes farming a success without the aid of any other means. It is a man who understands and performs the work on the farm at the proper time; who thoroughly investigates all questions as to the management of his farm—how to stock it, what crops to raise and how to use them when raised; who saves all the manure and before wasted applies it in the right place; who meets all of his obligations promptly; who raises his children to industry, teaching them, by precept and by example, to be polite and neat, and gives them a practical education. The first-class farmer keeps his buildings in good repair, his fences so as to make his crops safe from his own as well as his neighbor's stock; prepares for the comfort of his family and his stock both in winter and in summer; who has good books and papers in his library and on his table; who keeps out of debt, and—votes for the tariff.

☞ The Fishermen are now doing fairly well.

☞ We learn that the potato bug is already putting in an appearance.

—Mrs. Hall's Opening of Spring and Summer Millinery will be Thursday and Friday April 12th and 13th. All ladies are invited to attend.

☞ Mr. John D. Sykes, the obliging operator here, handed us the following telegram from Edenton yesterday:

An old colored man of this place, named Mayo, had his horse to run away this morning; after the excitement was over he saw that the horse's leg was hurt, when he said, "My lord! my horse is ruined," and then fell dead. He was not hurt by the runaway as he was not in the cart.

LOCAL MENTION.

The weather continues cool for the season.—More new buildings going up. The improvements and growth of the town keep steadily on.—Col. W. C. Davis will accept our thanks for a pair of the finest shad of the season, fresh from his Croatan Fishery.—It is with pleasure we note the increased attention to the cultivation of plants and flowers and the additional number of tastefully arranged yards in our city.—If you want a palatable and refreshing beverage, go to T. C. Allen's. He knows how to make 'em.—We had a call the other day from Mr. A. V. Lavallette, of Philadelphia. He is one of the owners of the steamer "McCabe," carrying fish ber in our waters.—A number of citizens in the First Ward ask that Walnut street be opened. We always favor such improvements.—We have been enjoying asparagus from our garden the past week.—Mrs. M. Hill advertises new millinery.—A colored woman, named Susan Nash, dropped dead very suddenly on Sunday night.—See change in the advertisement of H. O. Hill, our enterprising Tin man—The "Gospel Army" man, who holds forth at the Opera House, dont appear to draw. He has to speak to vacant seats.—The front of the Albemarle House is being repainted, adding very much to its appearance.—Mrs. White's Opening of Spring Millinery takes place on the 12th, 13th and 14th insts. See advertisement.—Miss Ida Sanders, who has been visiting Miss Annie Kramer, left yesterday for her home at Watsontown, Pa. The friends she made here were sorry to see her go.

—The celebrated "W. L. Douglas $3 shoe," also a full line of his other advertised goods may be found at H. Weisel's, Agent, Elizabeth City.

—FOR RENT: The Rooms recently occupied by Dr. Dobson in the "Carolinian" Building. Apply at this Office.

Items from Newbegun

Editor CAROLINIAN:

Owing to the cold weather but little corn has been planted.—The wife of Mordecai Elliott died on the 4th inst, aged 52.—On the 3rd inst, by Rev. Charles Meads, Mr. Charles Snowden was married to Miss Lina Lu on.—A white child was found in a trunk a few days ago at Mrs DeLong's that had the appearance of being strangled to death. The mother has gone.—Mr. John T. Davis is recovering from a severe spell of sickness

AGRICOLA.

THE DISTRICT.

Mr. L. N. Simmons has been appointed Keeper of the Currituck Beach Light House Shooting Club.

Miles Goodwin, one of the oldest colored citizens of Edenton and a noted character died last week.

A good School has been opened at Mackey's Ferry, of which Stuart Johnson is Principal.

A Literary and Debating Society has been organized at Columbia, and it elicits a lively interest.

On the 4th inst., at Plymouth, Miss Ernestine Hornthall was married to Ed. Alexander esq., of Columbia. Among the numerous presents to the bride was a check for $2,000 from her father.

The *Minitor* says that Mr. C. H. Davenport, of Sunny, Tyrrell county, has a scuppernong grape vine over 100 years old. The trunk is two feet thick and the arbor is about forty feet square.

At Chowan Court last week there were three sentenced to the Penetentiary: Robert Jones and Robert Felton each three years for larceny, and James Reed two years for throwing a missile at a train while in motion.

In a breach of promise suit, that of Miss Octave Hathaway against Mr George Whitehurst, at Greenville last week, after a trial of two days the jury returned a verdict for the plaintiff allowing her $1,800 00 damages.

A Farmers' Institute for Perquimans has been organized, with E. A. White, President; C. W. Wood, Vice President; Jacob Parker, Secretary, and W. S. McMullen, Treasurer. Dr David Cox was elected Superintendent of Experimental Farm.

A Woman's Discovery.

"Another wonderful discovery has been made and that too by a lady in this county. Disease fastened its clutches upon her and for seven years she withstood its severest tests, but her vital organs were undermined and death seemed imminent. For three months she coughed incessantly and could not sleep. She bought of us a bottle of Dr. King's New Discovery for Consumption and was so much relieved on taking first dose that she slept all night and with one bottle has been miraculously cured. Her name is Mrs Luther Lutz." Thus write W. C. Hamrick & Co., of Shelby, N. C. Get a free trial bottle at Wood & Wadsworth's Drug Store.

OUR BOYS AND GIRLS.

CONDUCTED BY "COUSIN EVELEEN."

The School Question is the grand absorbing topic of the day in Boston—the Athens of America. A general dissatisfaction seems to prevail about the much praised public schools; this has been especially the case in religious communities, and has resulted in the formation of private and parochial schools by Episcopalians, Presbyterians, and most of all by Catholics.

These objectors to a great institution have been called upon to defend their opinions, and to impose a law by which the State shall have the right to make an examination of these parochial schools, and see if they are kept up to the standard of the public schools. The burden of defence was well sustained by Mr. Chas F. Donnelly at the hearing of the bill for State interference in the private schools of the Commonwealth before the Legislative Committee on Education at Boston State House. He said:

"Our position here is that the State should *not* interfere with private schools; that the question is a question for the conscience of the individual."

Rev. T. Magennis of Jamaica Plain, said:

"They (the parochial schools) are in the truest sense the people's schools * There is too little religion in the world to-day. * * It would be wise for the State to applaud rather than censure any religious denomination that would make it an essential part of its duty to institute and carry on schools where the moral man and woman is to be developed and perfected as well as the intellectual. All good citizens should lay aside bigotry, and sentimentality, and look at this question just as it is. If they do so, and if they have the welfare of the State at heart they will encourage us in the work we have undertaken to shield our people from unbelief and infidelity, and make of the children growing up around us, by means of a thoroughly religious as well as secular education, men and women whose Christian lives will add to the glory and renown of the Commonwealth."

Just think about it Boys and Girls! How kind the grown people are! Always planning and providing for the future welfare of the "rising generation." For it is just the same here as in Boston. Hearts beat responsive to all that can be said about the best way of educating the Boys and Girls.

Ah! no matter how much may be done for your benefit children, it cannot help you much unless you meet it in a responsive spirit. You must do your part too.

The Learned Blacksmith became a highly educated man, yet he was taught by a teacher simply to read. His intense application to the right kind of books made him a scholar.

Education begins long before a Boy or Girl enters the A B C class at school. Happy is that child who has been taught Faith and Obedience before it has learned to read. A child cannot understand why it must study, and the only answer to the vexatious "why," is "You must obey!" Religion here brings her powerful aid, if the parent or teacher adds, "If you obey God will reward you." O powerful truth! A truth too, so soon to become an assured fact in every youthful mind thus trained.

This is for the small Boys.

"Johnnie and Ned lived on the farm
You may see the house 'mid trees,
They keep the sheep and feed the pigs
Their father thus they please.
They bring the water, cut the wood,
And run the horses down,
They pick the berries for the pies,
And take the eggs to town.
A little creek runs near the town
The boys go there to fish
To have a boat and row around
Has always been their wish.
One day their father got them one
What joyful boys were they!
What joys they had to row and fish,
Through many a summer's day!

COUSIN EVELEEN.

ANSWERS TO PUZZLES OF March 28.

To question by Allen—As many as they shall happen to lay. To selected question by M—A stone's throw.

DECAPITATIONS.

By M.

Na I. Behead a gentleman's garment and leave a cereal.
No 2. Behead an elevation of land and leave to be sick.
No 3. Behead a pen and leave an English title of nobility.

ENIGMA.

By X. X.

I am composed of 17 letters.
My 10 9 7 8 is pretty firm.
My 8 6 7 8 bad to get from mule or maiden
My 14 3 13 4 11 12 dreaded by all.
My 4 5 13 15 10 is not like the rest.
My 13 17 6 1 2 a womans name.
My 1 10 13 8 belong to the vegetable kingdom.
My whole is the name of a popular novel.

Bucklen's Arnica Salve.

The Best Salve in the world for Cuts Bruises, Sores, Ulcers, Salt Rheum, Fever Sores, Tetter, Chapped Hands, Chilblains, Corns, and all Skin Eruptions and positively cures Piles, or no pay required. It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction or money refunded. Price 25 cents per box FOR SALE BY WOOD & WADSWORTH.

ROYAL

BAKING POWDER

Absolutely Pure.

This powder never varies. A marvel of purity strength and wholesomeness. More economical than the ordinary kinds, and cannot be sold in competition with the multitude of low test, short weight alum or phosphate powder. *Sold only in cans.* ROYAL BAKING POWDER Co. 106 Wall street, New York.

A SMALL FARM FOR SALE.

The farm known as the "Murphy place," situated on Little River, in Salem township, Pasquotank county, N. C., containing Fifty acres, is offered for sale. For terms, apply to Dr. P. John, at Elizabeth City, N. C. or the undersigned at Stockton Dauphin county, Pa.

Feb. 1, '88. JOHN MURPHY

GOLD fields are scarce, but those who write to Stinson & Co., Portland, Maine, will receive free, full information about work which they can do, and live at home, that will pay them from $5 to $25 per day. Some have earned over $50 in a day. Either sex, young or old. Capital not required. You are started free. Those who start at once are absolutely sure of going little fortunes. All is new.

25¢ A BOTTLE

SALVATION OIL

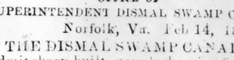
KILLS PAIN

"The Greatest Cure on Earth for Pain." Will relieve more quickly than any other known remedy. Rheumatism, Neuralgia, Swellings, Stiff Neck, Bruises, Burns, Scalds, Cuts, Lumbago, Pleurisy, Sores, Headaches, Backache, Quinsy, Sore Throat, Sciatica, Wounds, Headache, Toothache, Sprains, etc. Price 25 cts. a bottle. Sold by all druggists. Caution.—The genuine Salvation Oil bears our registered Trade-Mark, and our fac-simile signature. A. C. Meyer & Co., Sole Proprietors, Baltimore, Md., U. S. A.

Dr. Bull's Cough Syrup will cure you. Cough at once. Price only 25 Cts. a bottle.

TRAVEL & TRANSPORTATION

NORFOLK SOUTHERN RAILROAD.



CHEDULE IS, TAKES EFFECT OCT 3, 1887.

Mail and Express (Southbound, leaves Elizabeth City 12,30 P. M., Northbound, leaves at 3:30 P. M..

Edenton Accomodation., on Saturdays only, leaves at 7 o'clock A. M., and returning, arrives at 8,15 P. M.

The above Trains, which are Nos. 1, 2, 3 and 4, arrive at and depart from the Depot of the Norfolk Western Railroad at Norfolk.

Close connections at Norfolk with all rail and steamer lines.

Fish train, daily except Saturday and Sunday, leave at 3 o'clock A. M.

At Elizabeth City—With steamboats for all points on Pasquotank, North, Alligator, Pamlico, Tar and Neuse rivers.

At Edenton—With N. & S. R. R. Co's steam, boats Plymouth, M. E. Roberts and Ranger, for all points on Chowan, Scuppernong, Little, Cashie and Roanoke rivers, and Jamesville & Washington, and Albemarle & Raleigh railroads, and with Steamer Keystone tri-weekly for Harrellsville, Winton, Murfreesboro and all landings on the Chowan and Meherrin rivers.

Norfolk Passenger and Freight Station at Norfolk and Western Railroad Depot.

Freight received daily, except Sundays.

Through tickets on sale and baggage checked between the principal stations and Baltimore, Philadelphia and New York by Bay Line and Old Dominion Steamers and N. Y. P. and N. R. R., from Norfolk, and between Norfolk and Washington, Plymouth, Williamston, Windsor and Jamesville.

M. K. KING, General Manager.

EASTERN CAROLINA DESPATCH

FAST FREIGHT LINE.

Regular line of Steamers between Atlantic and North Carolina R. R., Newberne, Washington and Elizabeth City.

Daily all rail service between Elizabeth City and New York, Philadelphia, Baltimore and Norfolk.

Through Cars, and as low rates and quicker time than by any other route.

☞ Direct all goods to be shipped via Eastern Carolina Despatch, as follows: From Norfolk, by Norfolk Southern Railroad; Baltimore by P. W. & B. R. R., Pendleton St., Station; Philadelphia by Pennsylvania R. R., Dock St., Station; New York by Penn'a R. R., Pier 27 North River.

T. SELBY HARNEY,
Elizabeth City, N. C. Agent.

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SUPERINTENDENT DISMAL SWAMP CANAL
Norfolk, Va. Feb 14, 1888.

THE DISMAL SWAMP CANAL, will admit sharp-built vessels drawing five feet water, lighter-built vessels, four feet.

The Locks will admit vessels 96 feet, and 16½ breadth of beam.

Rafts secured with chains must not be over 14 feet wide; secured with binders, not over 12 feet wide. They must be well secured to satisfaction of the Canal authorities.

Steamers will not be admitted without a permit from this office.

Vessels over 90 feet length and over 15 feet beam (the dimensions called for by the Charter,) navigate the Canal at their own risk.

HENRY ROBERTS, Superintendent

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W. G. UNDERWOOD,
Surveyor & Civil Engineer.
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☞ Prompt and Careful attention given to all kinds of work.

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Attorney & Counsellor-at-Law
ELIZABETH CITY, N. C.
Collections promptly made. ☞ Special attention given to real estate.

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Practice in the Superior and Federal Courts of the First Judicial District, and in the Supreme Court of North Carolina. Special attention given to Conveyancing and Collections.

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Practices in the Superior Courts of the Albemarle section, and the Supreme and Federal Courts of the State.

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Attorneys & Counselors at Law
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PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON,
Office at residence, on South Road Street
ELIZABETH CITY, N. C.

TO SPORTSMEN!

The subscriber would announce to his friends and the public that he is still at THE OLD STAND ON ROAD STREET, and keeps on hand an assortment of Rifles, Pistols, Sporting Apparatus, and Cutlery. ☞ Repairing in his line promptly done

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JEWELER
70 Road Street,
ELIZABETH CITY, N. C.
F. M. COOK has a very large stock of JEWELRY and SILVER WARE, WATCHES Clocks Ladies and Misses Sets Lockets Ear Rings, Studs, Collar and Cuff Buttons Jackets Chains, Necklaces, etc.

ROANOKE COLLEGE,
In the Virginia Mountains.
—$149, $176, or $204 A YEAR—
Thorough instruction; good discipline; best moral influences. Students from many States. Graduates in 28 States. North Carolina well represented. 35th Session begins Sept. 14th. Illustrated catalogue free Address JULIUS D. DREHER, Pres't., Salem, Va.

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GIRARD SHIPPING CO
PHILADELPHIA
CORRESPONDENCE SOLICITED

OUR TERRESTRIAL BALL!

Which we intend to keep rolling until echo goes on strike.

It may sound Trite but you'll find it True

When You

Compare Our Prices

With the prices made on similar goods in any store in Elizabeth City.

We are making money on

Large Sales and Low Prices

And when we offer you the PICK of OUR STOCK we don't intend to

PICK YOUR POCKET.

This is not all cry and little wool. It's an all-wool yarn we spin and matches our goods. Spring is at your doors. The wind is blowing for

MOSES WEISEL, Ag't,

CORNER MAIN & WATER STREETS, ELIZABETH CITY N. C.

Waiting anxiously to show you his Spring Attractions

Wholesale Department.

FOWLER & CO. have opened a Wholesale Dry goods, Notions and Shoe Department above their Retail Store, and invite the Merchants of Eastern Carolina to call and examine Goods, Prices Guaranteed.

Carpet Department.

Back of their Shoe Store FOWLER & CO. have opened a Carpet room, where you will find Brussels, Tapestry, Ingrains, Cotton and Hemp Carpets, Mattings, Smyrna Tapestry and Rugs and Mats, and Floor Oil Cloth 1 to 5 yards wide.

Cloak & Clothing Department.

Back of their Dry Goods Store FOWLER & CO., have opened a Cloak and Clothing Department, where you can get Ladies and Childrens Cloaks & Wraps from Plush Cloaks at $20, down to $3.50.

FOWLER & CO., have 1800 feet more Space now to do business in and their customers will find their Dry Goods Store now comfortable and a larger variety of Dress Goods, Trimmings, Underwear, Blankets and Notions and Gents Furnishing Goods, &c., &c., to select from than ever before.

FOWLER & CO'S, Shoe Store is over run with Boots, Shoes and Hats, but every one who comes is politely waited on. Mail orders promptly filled.

J. B. FLORA

GROCER and TOBACCONIST,

AND WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DEALER IN

PROVISIONS, HAY, LIME, CEMENT, HAIR, PAINTS, OILS, ETC

South West Corner Main and Water Streets.

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FLORA'S reputation for being one of the best BUYERS to be found anywhere having been established, during large quantities direct from the Manufacturers, thereby saving the "middle man's" profit, enables him to sell cheap, and put money in the pockets of his customers.

If you have not called on him do so at once; he will save you money

Dupont's Powder, Seal N. C. Smoking Tobacco, Jones Reed & Co.'s Cakes and Crackers, Harrison Bro's & Co.s R. M. Paints, Armour's Mince Meat and Eng. Plum Pudding, Sold at Factory Prices.

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House-hold Furnishing Goods, Tinware, Wooden-ware Table Cutlery, Wooden-ware Baskets, Childrens' Carriages, Pictures, Novelties, Carpet Floor & Table Oil Cloth, Wall Paper.

QUEENS-WARE.—Queens-Ware, Porcelain, French & Decorated ware, Glass-ware Chandeliers, Window Glass, &c.

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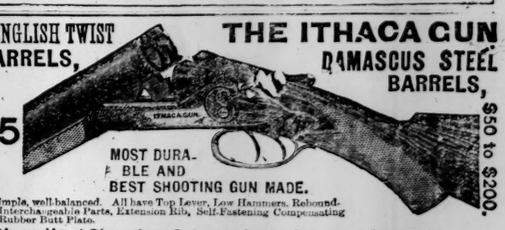
BEST ENGLISH TWIST BARRELS, $35

THE ITHACA GUN DAMASCUS STEEL BARRELS, $50 to $200.



MOST DURABLE AND BEST SHOOTING GUN MADE.

Strong, simple, well balanced. All have Top Lever, Low Hammers, Rebounding Locks, Interchangeable Parts, Extension Rib, Self-Fastening Compensating Fore End, Rubber Butt Plate.

Close Hard Shooting Guns at Long Range a Specialty.

SEND FOR CIRCULAR.

ITHACA GUN CO., - - - ITHACA, N. Y.

FREE FOR MEN ONLY

Over Ten Thousand Packages have been sent to Men who suffered from Nervous Debility, Lack of Vigor, Premature Decay, Exhausted Vitality, Impotency, Nightmare, Lost Manhood, and Physical Decay in Youth or Middle Age. Many of whom took it for other troubles, and were restored to health by the use of this GREAT REMEDY. Those who, from ignorance, neglect or indiscretion, are suffering from any of the above symptoms should send their address for a copy of our PAMPHLET, which will be sent free, in plain envelope, by return mail. Address, with stamp for postage, and mention this paper.

PROF. SEMINAL PASTILLE,

Sole Agents for the Only Cure for Nervous Debility, Impotency, Nightmare, Lost Manhood and Physical Decay in Youth or Middle Age. Tested for Eight Years in many thousand cases they absolutely restore prematured and broken down men to the full enjoyment of perfect and full Manly Strength and Vigorous Health. To those who suffer from the many obscure diseases which about by Indiscretion, Exposure, Over-Indulgence, or too free Indulgence, we ask that you send your name with statement of your troubles, and receive FREE PACKAGE FREE, with Illustrated Pamphlet, &c.

RUPTURED PERSONS can have Our Appliance. Ask for Terms.

VIGOROUS HEALTH

Avoid the imposition of pretenders. Secure the Great Remedy that has cured thousands after all others have failed. Sufferers from the effects of youthful indiscretion, who have become nervous and debilitated, and are broken down in health and manhood, should use this Great Remedy, which is the only known and certain cure for all Nervous Diseases. Its use will restore the lost functions of the human organism, restoring the wasting elements of life are given back, the blood becomes enriched and rapidly gains both strength and flesh.

TREATMENT.—One Month, $3. Two Months, $5.

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RELIABLE

When the word Relief or the word Cream is mentioned, they each suppose the other, so widely known and so popular are the imitations and the imitators. Two letters in each of the two words are the extent of enjoyment in multitudes of homes. Illustrated Catalogue mailed free to all applicants.

LATER NEWS.

THE Vermont Republican State Convention at Burlington selected an unpledged delegation to the National Convention and adopted a platform which favors "the protection of American markets for American citizens."

LUTHER J. SHAFFER has been executed at Lock Haven, Penn., for the unprovoked murder of Isaiah and Nora Colfly in their lonely mountain home on Cheray Run.

BENJAMIN H. BREWSTER, who was Attorney-General of the United States under President Arthur, died at Philadelphia on Wednesday, after an illness of two weeks, in the seventy-second year of his age.

RHODE ISLAND will again have a Republican Governor and other State officers, the Republicans having been successful by about 2000 majority. The Legislature, which was Democratic, has again become Republican, insuring a Republican United States Senator.

MISSISSIPPI Republicans have appointed an uninstructed delegation to the National Convention.

THE striking railroad employes held a mass meeting in Chicago, at which it was decided to resume work on all the roads with the exception of the Chicago, Burlington and Quincy, on which a boycott still remains.

THE jail at Friar's Point, Miss., was destroyed by fire and five prisoners perished in the flames. One of the victims, named Gray, set the structure on fire, as he threatened to do, rather than go to the Penitentiary.

An aeronaut named Hogan dropped ten thousand feet from a ballon at Jackson, Mich., by the aid of a parachute, alighting uninjured.

THE Oregon Democratic State Convention at Portland nominated John M. Gearin for Congress, and adopted resolutions favoring tariff revision. Resolutions were also passed endorsing Cleveland for President and Governor Pennoyer, of Oregon, for Vice-President.

THE President has vetoed the celebrated McKay relief bill, recently passed by the House.

THE President has sent the following nominations to the Senate: To be Collector of Customs—J. Howard Manchester, for the District of Bristol and Warren, Rhode Island; Thomas L. Harrison, for the District of Oswegatchie, New York; John H. Thomas, for the District of Annapolis, Maryland.

M. MELINE has been elected President of the French Chamber of Deputies.

THE American Consul Lewis has received a reply from the Moorish Government declining to accede to the demand of the United States with reference to the persons under consular protection imprisoned at Rabat.

THE amendment to the constitution of Rhode Island which abolishes the property qualification for voters of foreign birth was carried at the recent election by a three-fifths vote. This adds nearly 32,000 voters to the list.

THE New York Democratic State Committee has decided to hold the State Convention in New York City on May 15.

THE large carriage factory of F. A. Babcock & Co., ten other factories and nine dwellings burned at Amesbury, Mass., causing a loss of over a million dollars.

DEPUTY SHERIFF CHAMBERS was killed by Stephen Allchin, a prominent citizen, at Hempstead, Texas.

SEVERE wind and rain storms in Minnesota have seriously injured a number of persons and destroyed a vast amount of property.

A TORNADO tore through the suburbs of Sioux City, Iowa, killing one woman, fatally injuring a child and destroying much property.

FIFTY persons have committed suicide at Monte Carlo, the European gambling resort, during the quarter just ended.

CARDINAL MARLINELLI, the confidential adviser of the Pope, has died at his palace in Rome, Italy.

THE Grand Vizier of Bokhara having been murdered by a native, the Ameer ordered the murderer and his accomplice to be executed. They were hurled from a tower 180 feet high.

FOUR women were killed by an avalanche at Wresenbach in the Swiss Tyrol.

FREDERICK SCHUMACKER, a California German, ninety-one years old, committed suicide on hearing of the death of Emperor William. He tied a chalk line round his throat and rolled out of bed. He had often expressed a wish to die at the same time as the Emperor.

SAYERS & SCOVILL

VEHICLES.

HIGH GRADE, LOW PRICES.

WE MANUFACTURE
HEARSES, CARRIAGES,
PHAETONS AND BUGGIES.
Prices and Catalogues sent on application.
SPECIAL Inducements to large Buyers.
SAYERS & SCOVILL,
CINCINNATI, OHIO.

THE WIRE'S TRIBUTE.

Levying on the Telegraph's Interesting News Treasury.

A Fatal Plunge of a Train--Bismarck Threatens to Resign.

A dispatch from Charles City, Iowa, says that a terrific rain storm swept over that portion of the State Thursday night. Water fell in sheets, and the thunder was deafening. The Wapsipinicon River, which runs through a rolling country near New Hampton, was one of the first streams to overflow its banks and scatter its winter ice upon the knolls. Four miles west of New Hampton the Chicago, Milwaukee and St. Paul road crosses the river on a wooden bridge. The night express was tearing through the intense darkness at 4 o'clock in the morning, when the engine suddenly plunged into a barrier of ice, which had been piled high upon the bridge by the raging waters. In an instant the driving wheels of the locomotive left the track, and the entire train, with the exception of the sleeper, plunged headlong into the swollen stream. The coaches crashed into each other as they piled upon the locomotive, filling the river with wreckage and screaming passengers. The scramble for life in the inky darkness and the frigid waters was terrible. Men and women seized each other in midstream, and battled desperately in their efforts to reach land. Those in the forward coach would certainly have perished had not the second coach demolished it, and sent its occupants scurrying through the waters.

The passengers in the second coach escaped without serious injury. Four passengers and a little girl four years old in the first coach and Engineer James Seagel, of Mitchell, Dakota, were instantly killed, and twenty-two others were injured, six of them fatally.

As fast as the dead and wounded were recovered they were removed to the sleeper, where they were placed in the berths and stateroom.

The wreck some believed was caused by ice on the track, while others say it was the result of the spreading of the rails. The engine jumped the track first, and the baggage car and tender plunged over the engine into the water. The smoker struck on top of the engine and was badly smashed. The engine was entirely under water, and the baggage car was almost covered by water. There were about thirty people in the smoker at the time, four of whom were killed, and the engineer was crushed to death between the cab and smoker. The fireman escaped unhurt. The baggageman and route agent were well drenched, but escaped through the window without much injury. One Chicago traveling man and the conductor kept the passengers quiet till they could help them out.

Bismarck Threatens to Resign.

Great excitement has prevailed in diplomatic circles in Berlin over the possibility of the speedy resignation of Prince Bismarck because of the proposed marriage of Prince Alexander of Battenberg and Princess Victoria of Prussia, daughter of the German Emperor. Prince Alexander wishes to accompany Queen Victoria of England to Berlin as a suitor for the hand of the Princess. Until the Bulgarian question shall have been settled by all the powers the projected marriage can only be judged from a political point of view, and on that account the marriage is an impossibility. As long as Bulgania is in question strict neutrality affords Germany the only means of retaining the full confidence of the opposing governments. That confidence would be disturbed in an instant if the Czar's most detested antagonist were to become the son-in-law of Emperor Frederick. Prince Alexander by this marriage would take a step which could only be the reverse of beneficial to the Fatherland, for if he were to attempt a suit it would assuredly cost the German people their Chancellor.

Public opinion in Berlin was emphatically in favor of Prince Bismarck. Prince Bismarck had a long conference with the Emperor on the subject. The Crown Prince and the Grand Duke of Baden also had interviews with His Majesty. Reports were current throughout Berlin that Prince Bismarck had asked the Emperor to relieve him of his post on account of the state of his health. A strong affection has existed between the young couple since Prince Alexander's visit to Berlin in 1885. The late Emperor opposed the match, but it is believed that Emperor Frederick, the Empress, and Queen Victoria look upon it with favor.

John A. Logan Arrested.

John A. Logan, Superintendent of the Carbon (Penn.) quarries, has been arrested for shooting Angelo Nocera, one of the striking quarrymen, during the riot several days ago. He was taken to Newcastle, Penn., and Alderman Leslie required him to give bail in $1000 for a future hearing. The Italian who is shot had his knee-cap broken.

The accused is a son of the late General John A. Logan. In March last year he married Miss Edith Andrews, daughter of Chauncey H. Andrews, the millionaire iron and coal magnate of Youngstown, Ohio. At the wedding the bride received a gift of $50,000 from her father and $50,000 more from Wallace C. Andrews, of New York.

Death of Jacob Sharp.

Jacob Sharp, ex-President of the Broadway Surface Railroad in New York, and the man charged with bribing the "Boodle" Aldermen of 1884, is dead. He died at his residence in the metropolis in presence of his family. At the time of his death Mr. Sharp was awaiting a second trial for bribery. His first trial resulted in a verdict of guilty, and for some months he was incarcerated in Ludlow street jail, but the verdict was reversed on legal grounds by the Court of Appeals, and a new trial ordered. He was seventy-one years old, and left a fortune estimated at several millions of dollars.

A Wife Murderer Lynched.

J. Howe, a laborer of Fort Collins, Col., who had been on a protracted spree the other evening brutally murdered his wife by cutting her throat with a jack-knife. A body of 500 masked men took Howe from jail at night and hanged him.

CRUELTY and barbarity almost beyond belief are revealed as a result of an investigation of the management of the convict camp at Coal Hill, Ark. Prisoners have been literally flayed alive and then hurried into their graves before the fearful facts could leak out. The warden in charge of the camp has fled to escape punishment, and a reward of $200 for his arrest is offered.

THE NEWS EPITOMIZED.

Eastern and Middle States.

AT Plattsburg, N. Y., Charles Harrison, an ex-soldier, killed his wife by cutting her throat from ear to ear.

DAVID N. WHITE, formerly editor of the Pittsburg *Gazette*, and founder of the Republican party, died at his home in Sewickley, Penn., on Sunday morning, aged eighty-three.

THE beautiful family mansion of William Walter Phelps, at Englewood, N. J., with its wealth of art treasures and rare books, has been totally destroyed by fire.

ERNEST URBAHN, a man sixty years of age, while protecting his daughter from assault, shot and killed his son-in-law, Casper Sparia, at Paterson, N. J.

AT his Carbon (Penn.) quarries, John A Logan, Jr., son of the late Senator J. A. Logan, quelled a riot in which 300 men were engaged. Two or three workmen stood by him. One shot was fired and an attempt was made to stab Logan.

AN iron tank containing eight thousand barrels of oil was struck by lightning and ignited near Emlenton, Penn. The blazing fluid threatened to burn the town, but was finally turned aside by a ditch. Two houses and four oil well rigs were burned.

THE body of ex-Lieutenant Governor Dorsheimer, of New York, has been buried in Forest Lawn Cemetery, Buffalo.

HERBERT JOHNSON, aged thirteen years son of a wealthy farmer at Limeport, Lehigh county, Penn., was reproved by his school-teacher for defacing school furniture. He went home and made his will, in which he disposed of some property he owned to near friends, and then with a revolver sent a bullet into his brain.

ONE fireman was killed and eleven injured at the burning of a furniture warehouse in Philadelphia.

ADAM VOLKAVITCH has been hanged at Wilkesbarre, Penn., for the murder of John Bioski.

CLAUS SPRECKELS, the California sugar king, has decided to erect in Philadelphia a sugar refinery with a capacity of 2,000,000 pounds per day. The plant will cost $3,000,000, and the annual product will be valued at $35,000,000.

South and West.

A FIRE in Chicago destroyed a large factory building at the corner of Lake and Peoria streets, causing damage amounting to $300,000.

THE absconding officers of the wrecked State National Bank of Raleigh, N. C., have been arrested in Toronto, Canada, on the charge of forgery and have been taken back for trial.

IN Atlanta, Ga., Neil Stark shot his brother Fluentz dead and fatally wounded Tom Crawley. They quarreled over a nickel at cards.

HENRY LANE, a famer, killed himself and wife at Effingham, Mich.

BENJAMIN E. HOPKINS, the accomplice of Harper in wrecking the Cincinnati Fidelity National Bank, has been sentenced to the penitentiary for seven years.

THE engineers, firemen and switchmen on the St. Paul and Fort Wayne Railway systems have struck rather than militate against their brothers by handling Burlington freight.

MRS. JOHN GRAY, wife of a victim of the Rich Hill mine disaster, has died of a broken heart.

HEAVY rains have done hundreds of thousands of dollars damages to bridges, railroads and crops in South Carolina.

A CITY ticket composed of women for the council and a woman for Mayor has been elected at Oskaloosa, Kan., by 66 majority.

JULIEN S. RODGERS, of Macon, Ga., claims $5,000,000 worth of land in South Carolina, including the famous winter resort of Aiken. It was bought by his grandfather and has never been sold.

THREE white men were murdered by two drunken colored roughs at Lima, Ohio. The heart of Hughes, one of the murdered men, was cut in two with a razor.

AT Chicago riotous Burlington strikers attacked the armed guards and a terrible fight ensued, one of the armed guards being shot dead and several wounded. For ten minutes the firing was incessant, the fire from the strikers being almost as heavy as that of the guards. The police were summoned, and the strikers put to flight.

W. W. HAZELTINE, a prominent lawyer of Stevens Point, Wis., was assassinated on the street by John D. Curran. The murder was the outcome of a sensational tragedy which occurred three years ago, when Hazeltine killed Curran's friend.

Washington.

THE President has approved the act for the erection of a public building at Springfield, Mo., and the Urgent Deficiency Appropriation bill.

PRESIDENT CLEVELAND, accompanied by Secretary Whitney, made a flying trip to New York City by special train, and attended ex-Lieut.-Governor Dorsheimer's funeral.

THE Postmaster-General has transmitted to the House a revised estimate of postal expenditures for the next fiscal year. The original estimate is increased $500,000.

A BILL appropriating $20,000 to purchase George Washington's sword from Miss Tayloe, of Virginia, has been acted upon favorably by a Senatorial Committee.

THE last debt statement issued by the Secresary of the Treasury shows that the reduction of the public debt during March amounted to $11,586,550.68. Total cash in the Treasury, $586,454,002.66.

THE President has approved the act to reward the Esquimau natives of the Asiatic coast of the Arctic Ocean for acts of humanity to shipwrecked seamen.

THE President has sent the following nominations to the Senate: George J. Denis, of California, to be Attorney of the United States for the Southern District of California; Ezekiel E. Smith, of Fayetteville, N. C., to be Minister Resident and Consul-General of the United States to Liberia.

Foreign.

FIRES in the flooded districts of Hungary have added to the horror of the situation. At Kikinda 1500 persons were rendered shelterless and compelled to camp out in the snow. Thirty-eight houses were burned and many lives were lost at Mezo Berray.

THE Russian Government has decided to put all convicts in solitary confinement and to cease banishing them to Siberia.

A GREEK named Raj toporilos was arrested in Paris for robbing the Numismatic Museum at Athens, Greece, of ancient medals and coins of the value of $6,000,000. Most of the stolen property was recovered.

EMPEROR FREDERICK and Empress Victoria drove in a half-open carriage from Charlottenburg to Berlin and paid a visit to the late Emperor William's widow. They received enthusiastic greetings along the road.

THE British bark Princess was wrecked off Caminha, Portugal and twenty-three persons drowned. A Portuguese life boat that went to the rescue was fired upon and disabled by Spaniards.

THE Mexican Congress has begun its annual session.

MR. GILHOOLY, Irish Member of Parliament, who was recently sentenced to imprisonment for Home Rule agitation, refused to wear prison clothes, and was knocked down by the Irish police, who put the prison garb on by force.

AT Hethirarus in Hungary 120 houses have been burned and 700 persons rendered homeless. Mezo-Berray and Hundsdorf, two villages, have also been burned.

DR. EMIL BESSELS, the Arctic explorer, who was chief of the scientific corps of the Polaris Expedition, has died at Stuttgart, Germany, of apoplexy.

M. FLOQUET has succeeded in forming a new French Cabinet which is as follows: M. Floquet, President of the Council and Minister of the Interior; M. Goblet, Minister of Foreign Affairs; M. de Freycinet, Minister of War; Admiral Krantz, Minister of Marine; M. Ricard, Minister of Justice; M. Peytral, Minister of Finance; M. Lockroy, Minister of Education; M. Loubet, Minister of Public Works; M. Viette, Minister of Agriculture; M. Legrand, Minister of Commerce.

THE Abyssinians, under King John, captured the village of Malental, the inhabitants of which were friendly to the Italians, and massacred all the men, women and children in the place.

KING HUMBERT of Italy has donated $8000 to the sufferers by the floods in Germany.

SENATOR JOHN HAMILTON, one of the wealthiest men in Canada, is dead.

THIRTY-ONE LIVES LOST.

The English Steamer Swallow Wrecked on the Chinese Coast.

China advices, received by the steamer City of Rio de Janeiro, state that the British steamer Swallow was wrecked off Naoma Island, between Swallow and Shanghai. The vessel struck on some rocks and sank. The captain and a number of the crew and passengers saved themselves by clinging to the rigging, but thirty-one persons, who put off from the steamer in small boats, are supposed to be lost. The body of the engineer, who was one of the occupants of a boat, was recovered.

THE late Chief Justice Waite was seventy-two when he died. Justice Bradley is seventy-five, Matthews sixty-four. Harlan fifty-five, Blatchford sixty-eight, Gray sixty, Field seventy-two, Miller seventy-two and Lamar sixty-three.

SUMMARY OF CONGRESS.

Senate Proceedings.

66TH DAY.—The following bills were introduced: To make Inauguration Day a legal holiday in the District of Columbia; to issue specie certificates redeemable half in gold coin and half in silver bullion; to appropriate $50,000 to erect a monument in commemoration of the events that occurred at Sackett's Harbor during the war of 1812; to appoint a committee on the subject of public land patents in Florida.... A joint resolution was passed accepting the invitation to participate in the Paris Exposition in 1889 and appropriating $300,000 for that purpose.... A bill was passed for the celebration of the centennial of the constitution of the United States in 1889 at Washington.... Among a large number of bills passed were the following: Appropriating $14,675 for the purchase of the Capron collection of Chinese works of art, now on deposit in the National Museum; appropriating $250,000 for the purchase of a site for a public building at Buffalo, N. Y.; to regulate the pay of ensigns of the navy (fixing it at $1700 at sea, $1400 on shore duty, and $1000 while on leave or waiting orders); appropriating $30,000 for a monumental column to commemorate the Battle of Trenton, N. J., and increasing the pension of Mrs. General Ward B. Burnett to $100 per month.

67TH DAY.—The bill granting a pension of $2000 a year to Mrs. John A. Logan was passed.... A bill making the necessary appropriation (estimated at $150,000), for a storehouse, etc., for the Signal Service at Washington, was passed.... Mr. Riddleberger gave notice that he would ask the Senate to act on his resolution to suspend the rules as to executive sessions, so as to have the Fishery Treaty considered in open session.

68TH DAY.—A bill was reported appropriating $500,000 for a boat railway around the obstructions to navigation in the Columbia River at the Dalles and Celilo Falls.... The resolution heretofore offered to suspend so much of the rules as provide for executive sessions during the consideration of the Fisheries Treaty was taken up and discussed by Messrs. Riddleberger and Edmunds.... The following petitions and memorials were presented and referred: To send United States troops to Chicago to protect the lives and property of citizens against the Socialists of Illinois and Iowa.... For a coustitutional amendment to give the District of Columbia the right of representation in both houses of Congress.... A vote was taken on Mr. Palmer's motion to recommit to the Finance Committee the bill to provide for the purchase of United States bonds, and the motion was rejected.

69TH DAY.—Mr. Palmer introduced a bill "to test and try the science of spelling," and to provide for establishing one hundred schools for that purpose.... A resolution was introduced asking what precautions have been taken to prevent the importation of lead and lead ores from Mexico and Canada in violation of the revenue laws and what legislation is necessary to prevent the smuggling of lead and lead ores.... The bill granting to the Billings, Clark's Fork and Cooke City Railroad the right of way through the Crow Indian Reservation was passed.... A lengthy discussion of the Bond Purchase bill was held.... A bill to reimburse depositors in the Freedman's Savings Bank was introduced.... An amendment to the Bond Bill offered by Mr. Beck, which provides that in case a National bank surrenders its circulation, and such circulation is not taken within thirty days thereafter by another bank, the Secretary of the Treasury shall purchase enough silver bullion at current market rates to coin it into silver dollars equal in amount to the circulation surrendered by the bank, was adopted.... Mr. Vest moved to reconsider the vote by which the House bill for a public building at Buffalo, N. Y., was passed. The motion was not entertained by the chair.

70TH DAY.—Mr. Wilson addressed the Senate on the subject of the President's annual message, making a political speech.... A proposal from the Dominion of Canada for a direct and immediate interchange of parliamentary publications, which was transmitted to the Senate by the Secretary of State, was referred to the Committee on Printing.... The Bond Purchase bill was passed, and the matter placed in the hands of a conference committee.... The consideration of the Palmer Pleuro-pneumonia bill was begun.... The Senate has removed the injunction of secrecy from the Chinese Treaty.

House Proceedings.

75TH DAY.—A joint resolution appropriating $25,000 to enable the United States to participate in the International Exhibition at Barcelona, Spain, in April, 1888, was passed.... The consideration of the private pension bills calendar was taken up. After four hours of debate the bills granting to the widows of Generals Logan and Blair pensions of $2000 a year were passed. The remainder of the day and the night session were devoted to pension legislation. Forty-one pension claims were allowed.

76TH DAY.—The entire morning session was consumed in considering the Union Pacific Railroad Funding bill.... Several private land measures were passed.... The River and Harbor bill was reported and referred to the Committee of the Whole.... The House went into Committee of the Whole for the consideration of a bill to establish a United States Land Court with jurisdiction over Arizona, New Mexico and Colorado, but no decisive action was taken and the House adjourned.

77TH DAY.—The following bills and resolutions were introduced: To aid in the construction of a system of reservoirs for the storage of water for irrigation; a resolution instructing the Committee on Commerce to report whether the Inter-State Commerce Act has operated to prevent unjust discrimination in the matter of passenger tolls and freight rates demanded and collected by common carriers; and, if not, what additional legislation is necessary to afford immediate protection to the people; to provide for the adjudication of claims of volunteer officers under the Acts of June 3, 1884, and February 3, 1887; for the better protection of life and limb on Inter-State railroads; for the compulsory education of Indian children.... The Mills Tariff bill was reported. A minority report was sent in on the same subject and filed.... The proposed amendment to the Constitution changing Inauguration Day from March 4th to April 30 and fixing the 1st Monday in January as the time for the assembling of Congress was rejected.... A bill was introduced to reward the discovery of a remedy and cure for hog cholera.... The appointment of a committee was asked to inquire and report in reference to the feasibility and advisability of completing the publication of the War records under the supervision and control of a joint committee of Congress.

78TH DAY.—On motion 5000 additional copies of the Tariff bill and reports were ordered printed.... Mr. Culberson called up the special order, the Senate Direct Tax bill. Mr. Foran antagonized this with a motion that the House go into Committee of the Whole on the Pension Appropriation bill. Lost.... The House, after the debate, went in recess until 8 o'clock, and in the evening session considered bills from the Committee on Military Affairs.... A bill, introduced by Mr. Crain, of Texas, was passed, for the retirement of Alfred Pleasanton with the rank of Colonel. The House then adjourned.

79TH DAY.—The entire day was consumed in a consideration of the bill to refund to the Northern States all direct taxes levied during the war, and owing to the obstruction tactics adopted by those opposing the measure the House remained in session until midnight without reaching any conclusion.

80TH DAY.—The fight over the Direct Tax bill was resumed when, at 11:45, the House met in continuation of the legislative day of Wednesday, and the same tactics of obstruction to prevent its consideration were followed up. Mr. Reed immediately demanded the regular order, which the Speaker announced to be a vote on the motion that when the House adjourned it be to meet on Saturday next. This motion having been defeated at 12:20 the point of order was raised that the day assigned for the consideration of the Direct Tax bill had expired, and Mr. Lanhan said that under a common sense construction of the rules the order assigning Tuesday and Wednesday for the consideration of the Direct Tax bill had elapsed. The Speaker disclaimed any power to adjourn the House, and held that as long as the House refused to adjourn, the legislative day of Wednesday would continue. The dreary round of roll-calls on dilatory motions was then resumed.

THE CHIEF JUSTICESHIP.

An Expression of President Cleveland's Views.

A United States Senator, who has conferred with the President on the subject of the vacant Chief Justiceship, says that the President indicated these points: (1) That he will promote no Associate Justice; (2) that he will not make the assignment from the South; (3) that he will not appoint any man over sixty years of age, and that he hopes to find a man from fifty to fifty-five if possible; (4) that he prefers a Western man. He indicated also that he would be glad to receive any information from this Senator which would aid him in making a selection within the limitation indicated. This is probably the first intimation that the President has given to any one as to the drift of his opinion with respect to this vacancy. It would seem, therefore, that the President has concluded not to promote Justice Field. Many of his friends have believed that because he was for so many years the solitary Democrat on the Bench he would be promoted. It is known that several of the members of the Bench have privately indicated that they would be very much pleased to have Mr. Field promoted. The President, while indicating that he prefers a Western man, did state that he should not stand upon the location provided a suitable man could be found elsewhere, although he said he should not appoint at present another Justice from the South.

A Pig Causes International Arbitration.

Between two groups of islands in the extreme northwestern part of Washington Territory run two narrow straits, one called the Canal de Haro and the other the Rosario strait. Between the two is San Juan Island. It commands both water ways, and hence it would be of great value to either country that owned it in case two nations should ever quarrel. The text of the agreement between Great Britain and this country reads that the boundary should be "the middle of the channel," without saying which channel. A mamed Hubbs, who was pasturing sheep on the southern end of the island of San Juan, had for a neighbor on the north end a man named Griffiths. This Griffiths was employed to raise pigs for the Hudson's Bay company. The pigs overran the island and caused Mr. Hubbs a great deal of trouble, so one day, in a moment of anger, he warned his neighbor Griffiths that if another pig came upon his land he would kill it. The very next day a pig did trespass there. Mr. Hubbs kept his word and killed the pig. Griffiths was then as angry as Hubbs had been, and immediately sailed over to Victoria—the busy little city on Vancouver island, where the officers of the government, the soldiers and the ships of war had their headquarters—and obtained a warrant for Hubb's arrest. A constable went to arrest Hubbs and to take him to Victoria for trial upon the charge of killing the pig. But Hubbs refused to go with him. He said he was an American citizen, and that therefore an English warrant was nothing to him. The constable departed, and Hubbs, well knowing the officer would come back and try to force him to go to Victoria, sent over to Port Townsend in Washington territory, for American protection. A company of soldiers was sent him, and the English did not molest Mr. Hubbs.

For five years that little island was occupied by soldiers of the two mighty nations. Each camp displayed the flag of its country on a high staff over the tents—the stars and stripes fluttering over the pastures at one end and the red banner of Great Britain among the hills at the other, only a few miles away. On either shore the people were greatly excited, and many on both sides favored war, and perhaps, if it had not been about the time of the actual war between the States in 1861, there would have been war over that pig dispute. Our government wished the middle of the Canal de Haro to be the border line because we claimed that it was the true ship channel, but to this the British had never been willing to agree, since that boundary would give San Juan to our country, and with that island went the control of the gate-way to the English possessions. Finally the papers on both sides were prepared by the respective governments and submitted to the Emperor of Germany, who decided, in 1872, in favor of the United States.—*St. Nicholas.*

A. I. Root, the apiarist, offers $1000 for a comb of artificially manufactured honey.

Now is the Time

Now is the time to purify your blood and fortify your system against the debilitating effects of spring weather. Serious consequences often follow this lassitude, which degenerates into debility unless favorable for the appearance of disorders. You are run down. No specific disease has manifested itself, but the condition of your system is low and your blood is in a disordered state. Take Hood's Sarsaparilla now, before some serious disease gains a firm hold upon your system.

Purify Your Blood

"I was troubled with an eruption of my skin, which covered nearly my whole body. I doctored it for a year without help; then I began to take Hood's Sarsaparilla and two bottles completely cured me. I cheerfully recommend Hood's Sarsaparilla for any similar disease." M. S. CLARKE, Decatur, Ill.

"For some years I have been afflicted with eczema of a very stubborn form. Three bottles of Hood's Sarsaparilla cured me. I am now well and praise this excellent remedy." MARY L. OWENS, Troy, Ind.

Build Up the System

"Last spring I seemed to be running down in health, was weak and tired all the time. I took Hood's Sarsaparilla and it did me a great deal of good. My little daughter, ten years old, has suffered from scrofula and catarrh, a great deal. Hood's Sarsaparilla did her more good than anything else we have ever given her, and we have tried a number of medicines." MRS. LOUISA CORP, Canastota, N. Y.

N. B. If you have decided to take Hood's Sarsaparilla do not be induced to buy any other.

Hood's Sarsaparilla is prepared from Sarsaparilla, Dandelion, Mandrake, Dock, Pipsissewa, Juniper Berries, and other well known vegetable remedies, in such a peculiar manner as to derive the full medicinal value of each. It will cure, when in the power of medicine, scrofula, salt rheum, sores, boils, pimples, all humors, dyspepsia, biliousness, sick headache, indigestion, general debility, catarrh, rheumatism, kidney and liver complaints. It overcomes that extreme tired feeling.

Hood's Sarsaparilla

Sold by all druggists. $1; six for $5. Prepared only by C. I. HOOD & CO., Apothecaries, Lowell, Mass.

100 Doses One Dollar

Adulterated Food.

The articles in which dishonest practices are most common in the present day are milk, coffee and alcoholic beverages. The local government board estimate that Londoners are now paying about $350,000 "for water sold under the name of milk." In one district alone, Dr. Saunders calculates that the milkman received between $35,000 and $40,000 for the water they had mingled with the commodity they supplied to their customers. Yet in that same district, he tells us, the fines imposed on dairymen, against whom adulterations had been proved, amounted to no more than $500. The business, therefore, appears so profitable, and the risk is at the same time so trivial, that Londoners cannot reasonably, under existing circumstances, expect to get the pure milk they pay for. Coffee continues to be adulterated on an average to the extent of fifty per cent. The chief article employed is chickory, at eight cents a pound. Here the profit is also a handsome one, as the mixture is mostly sold at thirty-two cents the pound. In the matter of tea it is pleasing to hear that out of over five hundred samples tested only one was found to be adulterated. Forty years ago, when tea was from double to treble its present price, adulteration was practised to an enormous extent in this article. Now it is not only cheap, but it is also, practically, pure.—*London Standard.*

ST. JACOBS OIL

FOR CATTLE. FOR HORSES.

—CURES—

Cuts, Swellings, Bruises, Sprains, Galls, Strains, Lameness, Stiffness, Cracked Heels, Scratches, Contractions, Flesh Wounds, Stringhalt, Sore Throat, Distemper, Colic, Whitlow, Poll Evil, Fistula, Tumors, Splints, Ring-bones and Spavin in its early stages. Apply St. Jacobs Oil in accordance with the directions with each bottle.

Invaluable for the Use of Horsemen, Cattlemen, Stablemen, Turfmen, Ranchmen, Stockmen, Drovers, Farmers.

FOR FINE HERDS, CHOICE STOCK, Common Herds.

Sold by Druggists and Dealers Everywhere.

THE CHARLES A. VOGELER CO., Baltimore, Md.

ELY'S CREAM BALM

Cleanses the head of
Catarrhal Virus,
Allays Inflammation,
HEALS the SORES,
Restores the Senses of Taste and Smell.
Apply Balm into each nostril.
Ely Bros., 235 Greenwich St., N.Y.

JONES
HE
PAYS the FREIGHT
Ton Wagon Scales.
Iron Levers, Steel Bearings, Brass Tare Beam and Beam Box for
$30.
Every size Scale. For free price list mention this paper and address
JONES OF BINGHAMTON,
BINGHAMTON, N. Y.

Sold by all druggists. $1; six for $5. Prepared only by C. I. HOOD & CO., Apothecaries, Lowell, Mass.

100 Doses One Dollar

PISO'S CURE FOR CONSUMPTION

$5 to **$8** a day. Samples worth $1.50, FREE. 50 Lines not under the horse's feet. Write Brewster Safety Rein Holder Co., Holly, Mich.

It is said that the Czarina of Russia, although employing a houseful of seamstresses, makes nearly all the clothing for her youngest children and also takes their new hats to pieces and trims them over according to her own taste.

Two heads are better than one, especially for a man who wants to go round the country with a circus.—*Life.*

Some Foolish People

Allow a cough to run until it gets beyond the reach of medicine. They often say, "Oh, it will wear away," but in most cases it wears them away. Could they be induced to try the successful medicine called Kemp's Balsam, they would immediately see the excellent effect after taking the first dose. Large bottles, 50 cents and $1.00. *Trial size free.* At all Druggists'.

A FRENCHMAN claims to be able to prove that fish can hear a man talking in an ordinary voice half a mile away.

Why Laura Lost Her Beau.

Laura once had an affluent beau,
Who called twice a fortnight, or so,
Now she sits, Sunday eve,
All lonely to grieve,
Oh, where is her recreant beau,
And why did he leave Laura so?

Why, he saw that Laura was a languishing, delicate girl, subject to sick headaches, sensitive nerves and uncertain tempers; and knowing what a life-long trial is a fretful, sickly wife, he transferred his attentions to her cheerful, healthy cousin, Ellen. The secret is that Laura's health and strength are sapped by chronic weakness, peculiar to her sex, which Ellen averts and avoids by the use of Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription. This is the only remedy, for woman's peculiar weaknesses and ailments, sold by druggists, under a positive guarantee from the manufacturers, that it will give satisfaction in every case or money will be refunded. See guarantee on bottle wrapper.

THERE are 900 beet sugar factories in Europe. France manufactured 600,000 tons of sugar and Germany 1,024,000 tons.

He ate green cucumbers;
They made him quite sick;
But he took a few "Pellets"
That cured him right quick.
An easier physic
You never will find
Than Pierce's small "Pellets,"
The Purgative kind.
Small but precious. 25 cents per vial.

WHALE oil and buffalo hides have become commercial rarities.

A Flat Contradiction.

Some one has told you that your catarrh is incurable. It is not so. Dr. Sage's Catarrh Remedy will cure it. It is pleasant to use and it always does its work thoroughly. We have yet to hear of a case in which it did not accomplish as much as is claimed for it. Catarrh is a disease which it is dangerous to neglect. A certain remedy is at your command. Avail yourself of it before the complaint assumes a more serious form. All druggists.

THE late Louisa M. Alcott received about $100,000 from her literary productions.

If Sufferers from Consumption.

Scrofula, Bronchitis and General Debility will try SCOTT'S EMULSION of Cod Liver Oil with Hypophosphites, they will find immediate relief and permanent benefit. The Medical Profession universally declare it the safest of the greatest value and very palatable. Read: "I have used Scott's Emulsion in several cases of Scrofula and Debility in children. Results most gratifying. My little patients take it with pleasure."—W. A. HULBERT, M.D., Salisbury III.

Consumption Surely Cured.

To the Editor:—Please inform your readers that I have a positive remedy for the above named disease. By its timely use thousands of hopeless cases have been permanently cured. I shall be glad to send two bottles of my remedy FREE to any of your readers who have consumption if they will send me their Express and P. O. address. Respectfully,
T. A. SLOCUM, M.C., 181 Pearl St., N.Y.

If afflicted with sore eyes use Dr. Isaac Thompson's Eye-water. Druggists sell at 25c. per bottle

A NEW DEPARTURE.

SAID Uncle Sam: "I will be wise,
And thus the Indian civilize:
Instead of guns that kill a mile,
Tobacco, lead and liquor vile,
Instead of serving out a meal,
Or sending Agents out to steal,
I'll give, domestic arts to teach,
A cake of 'IVORY SOAP' to each.
Before it flies the guilty stain,
The grease and dirt no more remain;
'Twill change their nature day by day,
And wash their darkest blots away.
They'll turn their bows to fishing-rods,
And bury hatchets under sods,
In wisdom and in worth increase,
And ever smoke the pipe of peace;
For ignorance can never cope
With such a foe as 'IVORY SOAP.'"

A WORD OF WARNING.

There are many white soaps, each represented to be "just as good as the 'Ivory';" they ARE NOT, but like all counterfeits, lack the peculiar and remarkable qualities of the genuine. Ask for "Ivory" Soap and insist upon getting it.

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$93 Sewing Machine Free!

We want one person in every village, town and township, to keep in their homes a line of our ART SAMPLES; to those who will keep and simply show these samples to those who call, we will send, free, the very best Sewing Machine manufactured in the world, with all the attachments. This machine is made after the sewers patents which have expired. Before the patents run out, this style machine, with the attachments, was sold for $65; it now sells for $30. Reader, it may seem to you the most WONDERFUL THING on EARTH, but you can secure one of these machines ABSOLUTELY FREE, provided your application comes in first, from your locality, and if you will keep in your home and show to those who call, a set of our elegant and unequaled art samples. We do not ask you to show these samples for more than two months, and then they become your own property. The art samples are sent to you ABSOLUTELY FREE of cost. How can we do all this?—easily enough! We often get as much as $2,000 or $3,000 in trade from even a small place, after our art samples have remained where they could be seen for a month or two. We need one person in each locality, all over the country, and take this means of securing them at once. Those who write to us at once, will secure, FREE, the very best Sewing Machine manufactured, and the finest general assortment of works of high art ever shown together in America. All particulars FREE by return mail. Write at once (a postal card on which to write to us will cost you but one cent, and after you know all, should you conclude to go no further, why no harm is done. Wonderful as it seems, you need no capital—all is free. Address at once, TRUE & CO., AUGUSTA, MAINE.

NYNU—14

I CURE FITS!

When I say cure I do not mean merely to stop them for a time and then have them return again. I mean a radical cure. I have made the disease of FITS, EPILEPSY or FALLING SICKNESS a life long study. I warrant my remedy to cure the worst cases. Because others have failed is no reason for not now receiving a cure. Send at once for a treatise and a Free Bottle of my infallible remedy. Give Express and Post Office. H. G. ROOT, M. C., 183 Pearl St. New York.

**NORTHERN PAC